

EXTRACTING DATA FROM THE WEB

Georg Gottlob

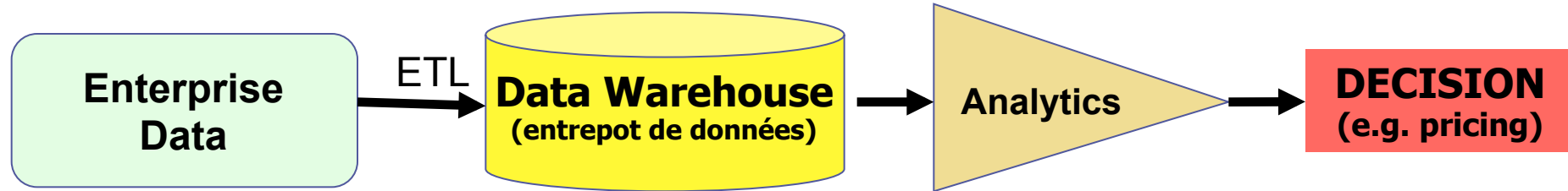
Oxford University



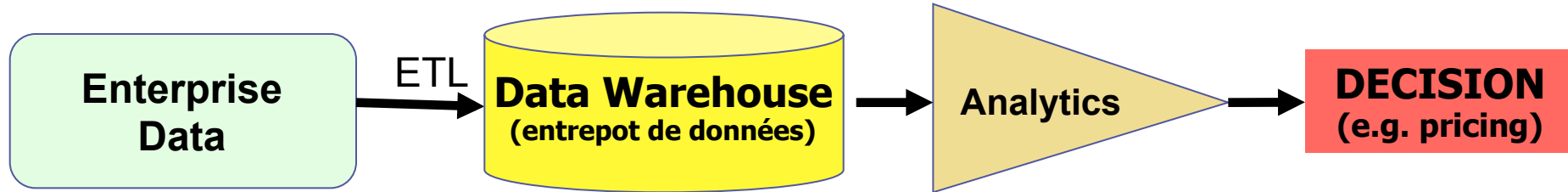
Talk Outline

- Motivation: need of information extraction
- Logical foundations of information extraction
- The Lixto Visual Wrapper
- The Diadem Project

Traditional data-based decision making in enterprises.



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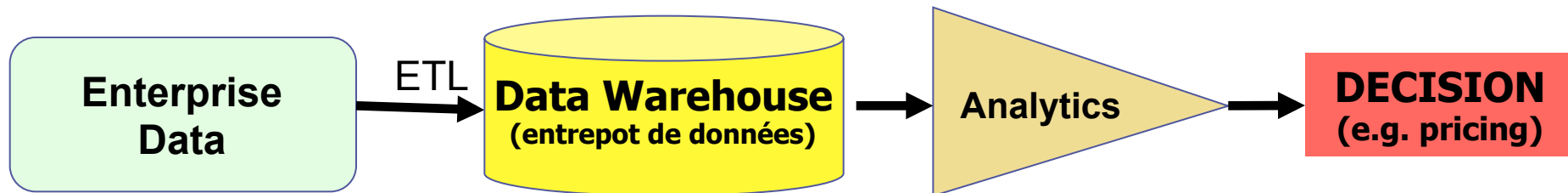
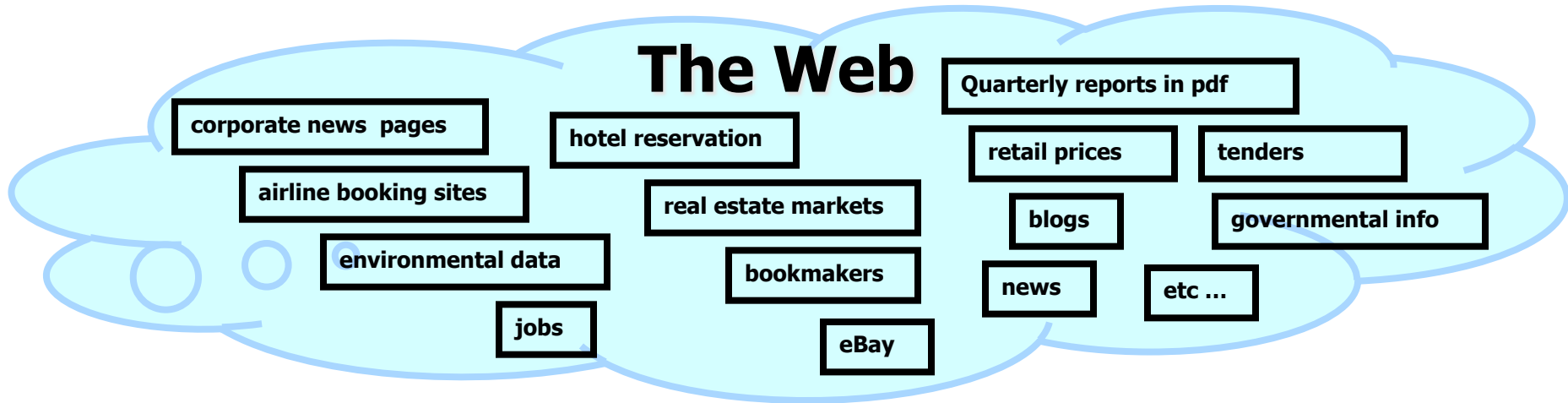
But often the most relevant data are outside the company, **on the Web!**

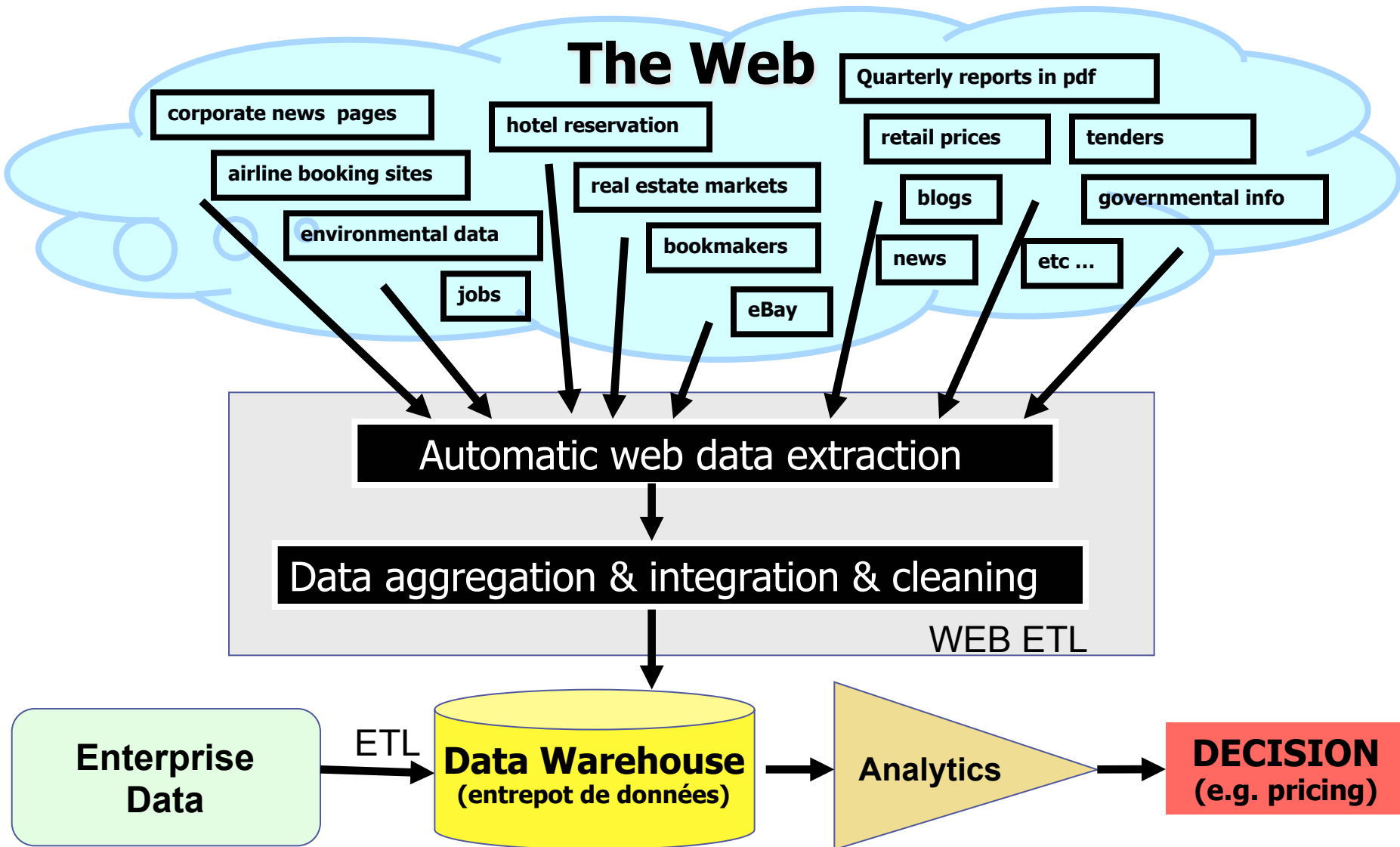
→ Online data intelligence, online market intelligence, automatic web data extraction.

Online Market Intelligence (OMI)

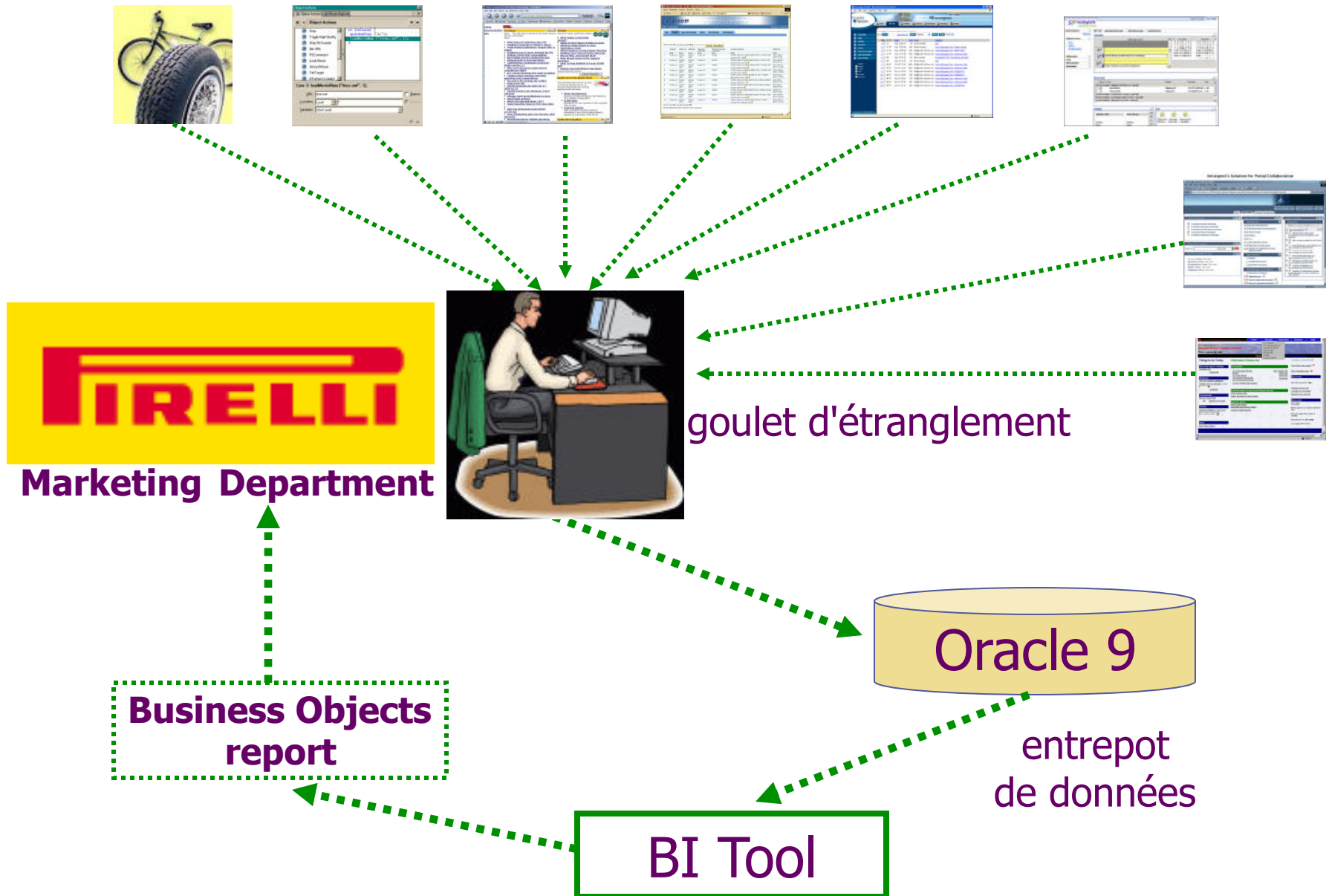
(surveillance du marché)

- **Electronics Retailer** (détaillant d'électronique - composants) :
market overview, 20 competitors, 200,000 products/prices
- **Supermarket Chain:** Price comparison; must quickly react to
special offers (offres spéciales) , new products,...
- **Internet Travel Agency:** Gives best price guarantee, wants to detect
“pricing attacks”,...
- **Road Construction Company:** Find new public tenders (“appels d’offre”)
- **Hedge Fund** (“fonds de placement”): Obtain recent house
price changes from real-estate agent's
Web pages before the weekly index is published. Anticipating the
Consumer price index (index des prix à la consommation).
- **Governmental/Policy Making**





Marketing & Business Intelligence



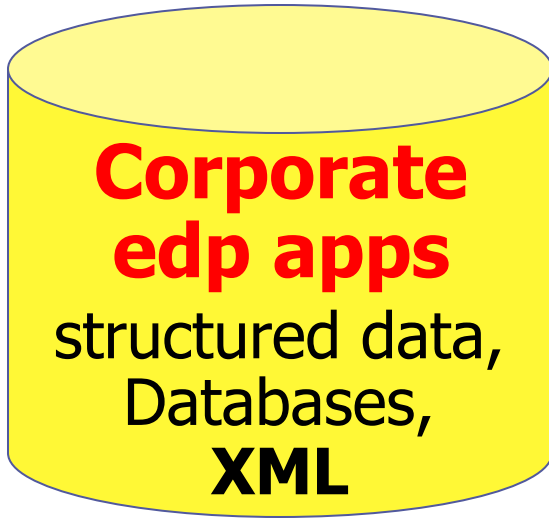
The Wall

Problem: Make web contents accessible to electronic data processing



WEB

HTML pages
layout



**Corporate
edp apps**

structured data,
Databases,
XML

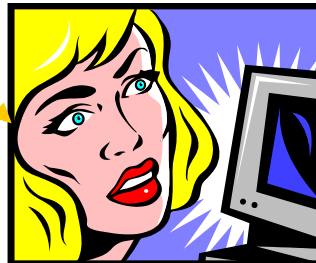
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Travail
aliénant

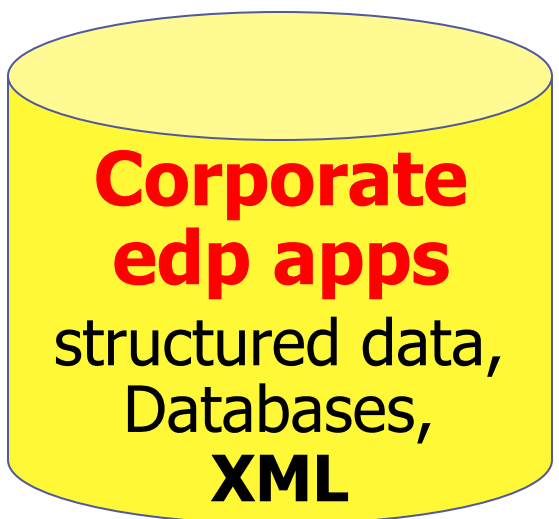
Web wrapping

Goal: Make web contents accessible to electronic data processing

A yellow starburst shape with a blue outline, containing text.

WEB

HTML pages
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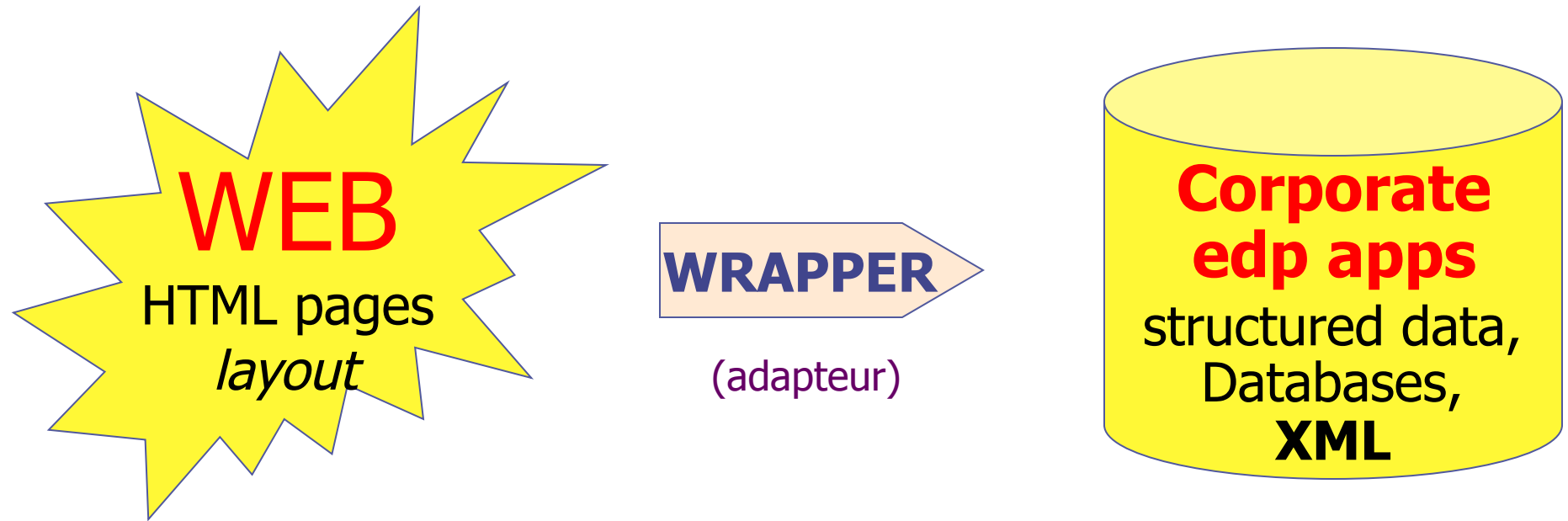
A yellow cylinder shape with a blue outline, containing text.

**Corporate
edp apps**

structured data,
Databases,
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Web wrapping

Goal: Make web contents accessible to electronic data processing



Wrappers: **HTML** → select → extract → annotate → **XML**

Home	Our offer of 195/65 R15 H		
Advice	brand	profile	size speed price
FAQs	Maximum 10 tyres will be displayed		
Customer comments	Goodyear***	EAGLE NCT 5	With mytyres.co.uk only £ 44,10
Help	Summer tyres	195/65 R15 91V	Details Save for later Buy now
Delivery and Payment	The proposed tyres could achieve higher speeds than those you are searching for. You can use these tyres without any hesitation		
Terms and Conditions	Dunlop***	SP SPORT 01	With mytyres.co.uk only £ 44,30
About us	Summer tyres	195/65 R15 91H	Details Save for later Buy now
My orders	Pirelli***	P 6000 Powergy	With mytyres.co.uk only £ 44,70
Newsletter	Summer tyres	195/65 R15 91H	Details Save for later Buy now
Tyre-Test	Continental***	EcoContact CP	With mytyres.co.uk only £ 46,00
Links	Summer tyres	195/65 R15 91H runout,	Details Save for later Buy now
Contact us	Bridgestone***	Turanza ER 31	With mytyres.co.uk only £ 46,50
	Summer tyres	195/65 R15 91H	Details Save for later Buy now
	Michelin***	Pilot PRIMACY	With mytyres.co.uk only £ 56,40
	Summer tyres	195/65 R15 91H	Details Save for later Buy now
	Goodyear***	EAGLE NCT 5	With mytyres.co.uk only £ 44,20
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	Pirelli***	P 6000 Powergy	With mytyres.co.uk only £ 44,70
	Summer tyres	195/65 R15 91H	Details Save for later Buy now
	Dunlop***	SP SPORT 200	With mytyres.co.uk only £ 46,40
	Summer tyres	195/65 R15 91H E	Details Save for later Buy now
	Pirelli***	P 6	With mytyres.co.uk only £ 44,70
	Summer tyres	195/65 R15 91H	Details Save for later Buy now

brought to you by

DELTA COM

10 tyres from 118 were displayed. (1 - 10)

Page: [\[1\]](#) [\[2\]](#) [\[3\]](#) [\[4\]](#) [\[5\]](#) [\[6\]](#) [\[7\]](#) [\[8\]](#) [\[9\]](#) [\[10\]](#) [\[11\]](#) [\[12\]](#)

Prices includes postage, packing and VAT within mainland UK.

***Please note: these tyres are subject to a delivery period of up to 10 working days.

Enregistrement:
hierarchie de données

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<document>
  <tyre>
    <brand>Goodyear</brand>
    <profile>EAGLE NCT 5</profile>
    <price>44,10</price>
  </tyre>
  <tyre>
    <brand>Dunlop</brand>
    <profile>SP SPORT 01</profile>
    <price>44,30</price>
  </tyre>
```

Patterns:

mytyres.co.uk

The home of low tyre prices for cars, 4x4's and vans
...fitting throughout the UK

Home	Our offer of 195/65 R15 H			
Advice	brand	profile	size	speed
FAQs	Maximum 10 tyres will be displayed			
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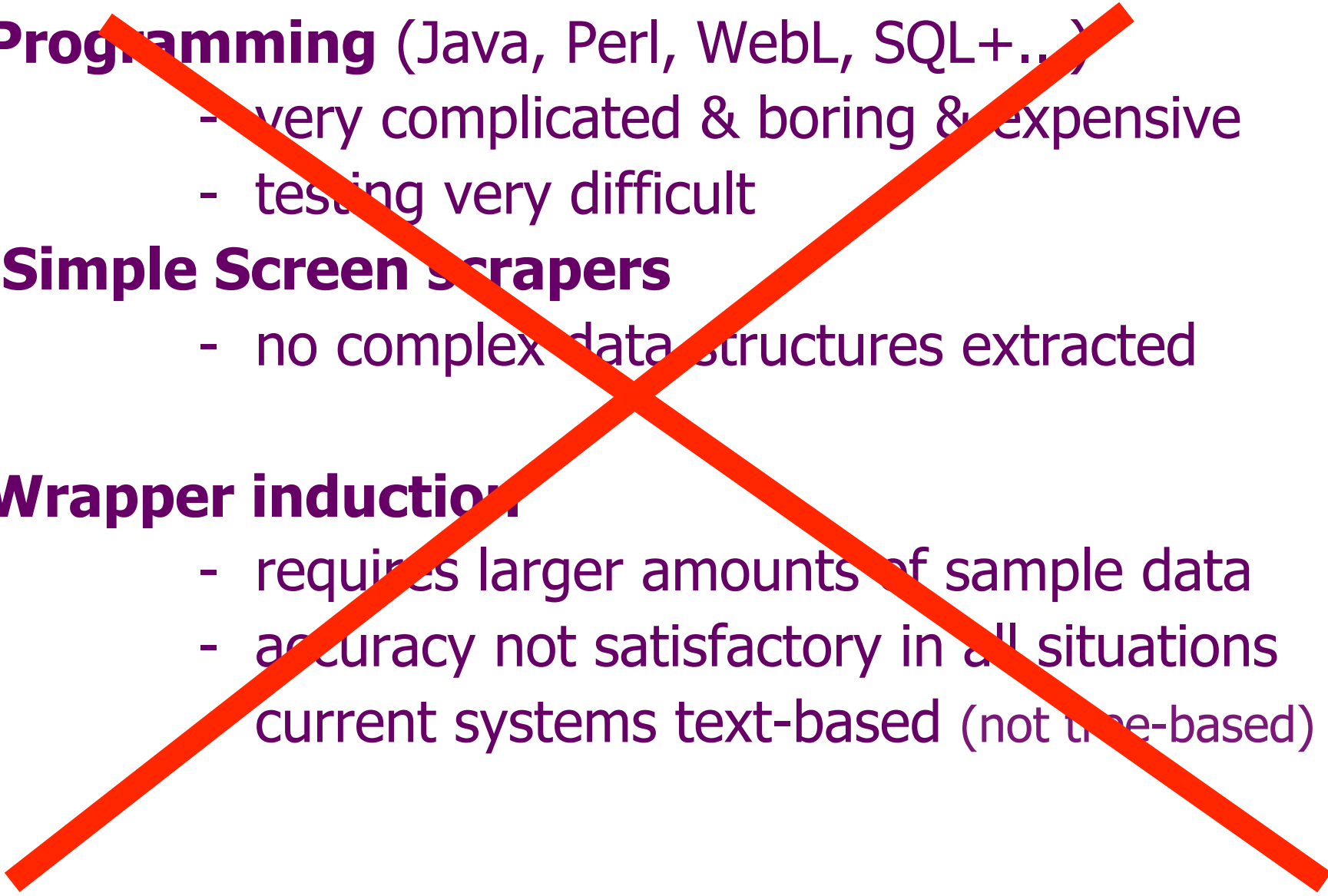
Prices includes postage, packing and VAT within mainland UK.

***Please note: these tyres are subject to a delivery period of up to 1 week.

Different approaches in the past

- ◆ **Programming** (Java, Perl, WebL, SQL+...)
 - very complicated & boring & expensive
 - testing very difficult
- ◆ **Simple Screen scrapers** ("gratte-écran")
 - no complex data structures extracted
- ◆ **Wrapper induction** (apprentissage d'adapteurs)
 - requires larger amounts of sample data
 - precision often not satisfactory
 - current systems text-based (not tree-based)

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 - accuracy not satisfactory in all situations

current systems text-based (not tree-based)

Modern Solutions

◆ Semi-automatic tool (outils)



- based on solid theory
- modular knowledge representation
- easy to use
- commercial product since 2002

◆ Fully automated extraction



- for specific application domains
- extracts from 1000s of websites
- current research

Talk Outline

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Web documents are trees !

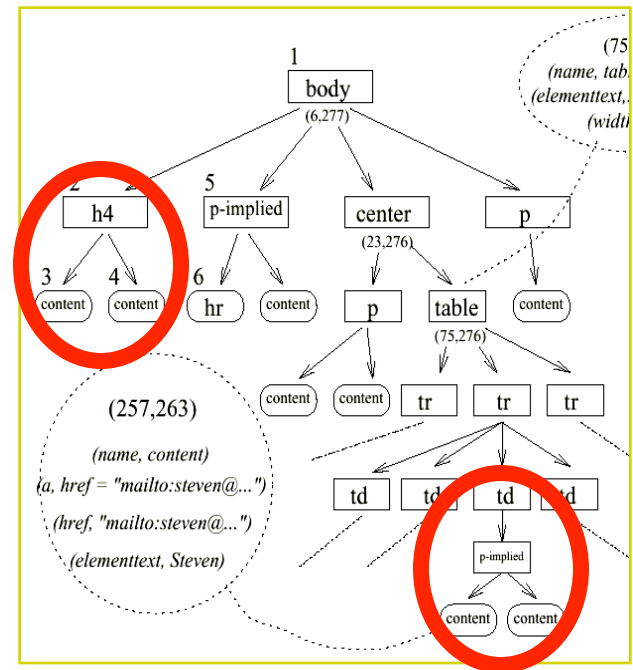
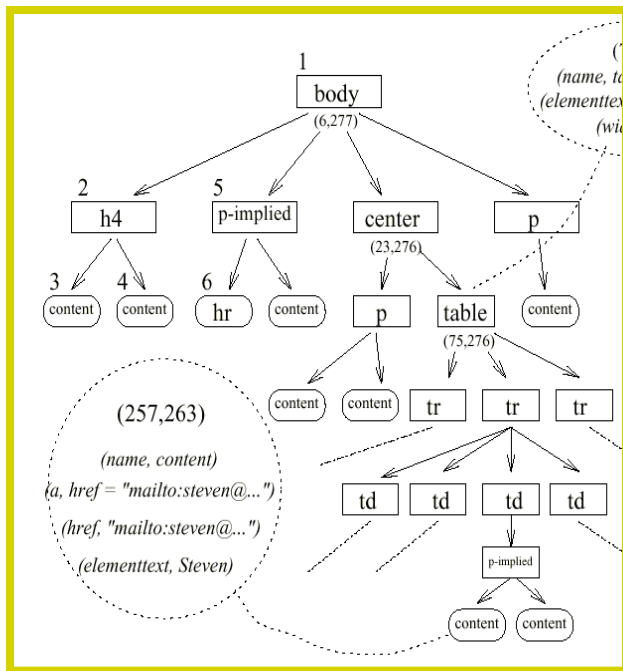
HTML: Hypertext Markup Language

XML: Extensible Markup Language

HTML, XML: Context free* languages. Represent a document by its parse tree (arbre syntaxique).

HTML Content Extractor

Function f : HTML Parse tree $\rightarrow$ Subtrees



Leaves of subtrees are among leaves of orig. tree

The Essence of Web Wrapping ?

Functional view: Wrapper defines functions f

$$f: \text{Tree} \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(\text{Tree})$$

$$t \rightarrow T \subseteq \text{subtrees}(t)$$

Equivalent logical view:

**Wrapper defines monadic predicates P
over the nodes (arbre dom) of each input
document**

A HTML page

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN">
```

```
<html> <body>
```

```
<h1>People @ DBAI</h1>
```

```
<table border="1" cellpadding="3" cellspacing="1">
```

```
  <tr> <td>Georg Gottlob</td>
```

```
    <td>gottlob@dbai.tuwien.ac.at</td>
```

```
    <td>18420</td>
```

```
</tr>
```

```
<tr> <td>Christoph Koch</td>
```

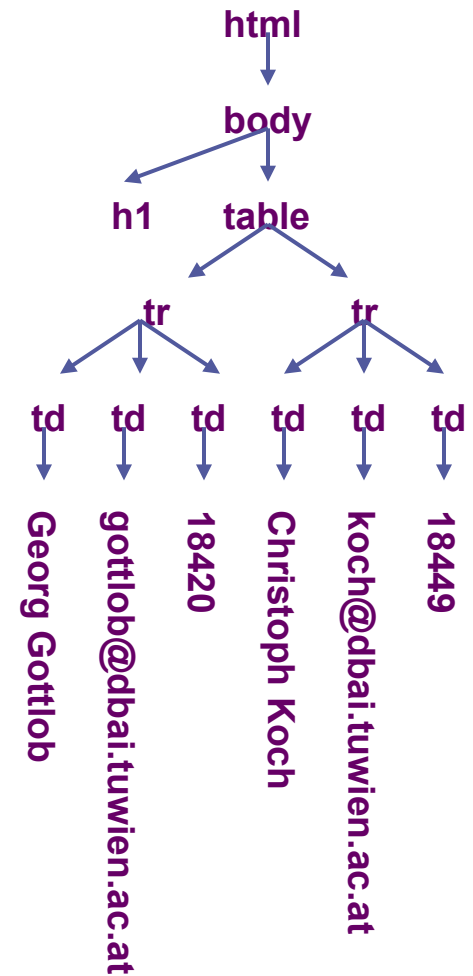
```
    <td>koch@dbai.tuwien.ac.at</td>
```

```
    <td>18449</td>
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```
</tr>
```

```
</table>
```

```
</body> </html>
```



People @ DBAI

Georg Gottlob	gottlob@...	18420
Christoph Koch	koch@...	18449

Predicate *employeetable*

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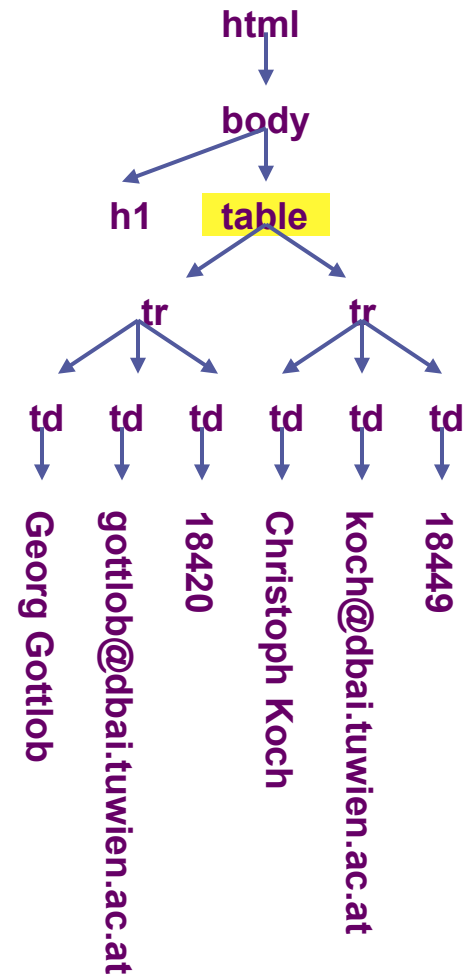
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Predicate *employee*

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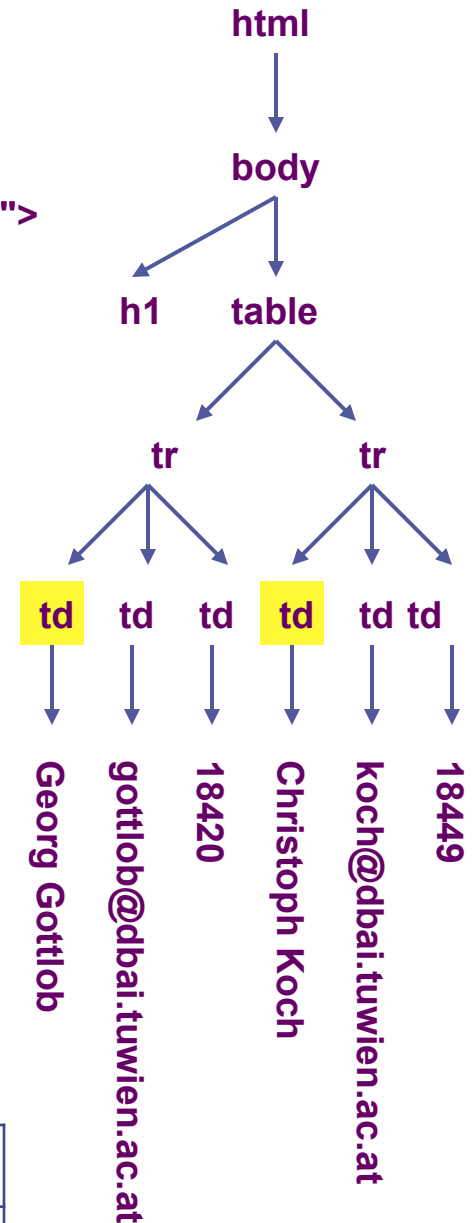
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Predicate *phone*

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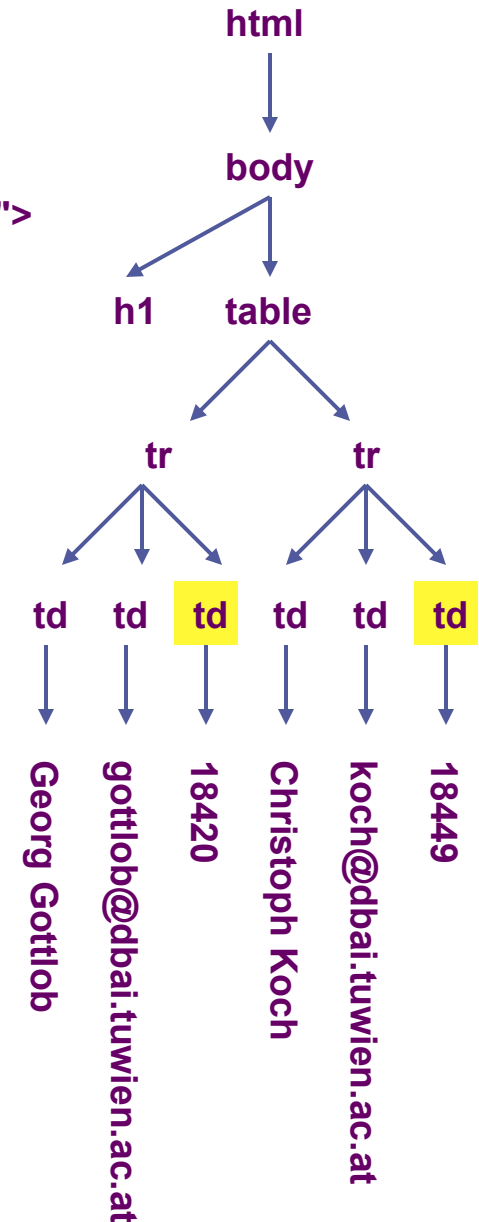
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Expressiveness Yardstick: MSO

- MSO captures exactly the essence of data extraction:
 - Define sets of nodes of a document
- Expressiveness, complexity, semantics well understood:
 - ✓ MSO over trees: perfect logical semantics
 - ✓ MSO over trees: high expressive power (tree automata)
 - ✓ MSO over trees: low data complexity
- Drawbacks:
 - hard to use, no visual specification,
 - high query complexity (cpl. de requetes)(→ bad scalability, mauvais passage à l'échelle).

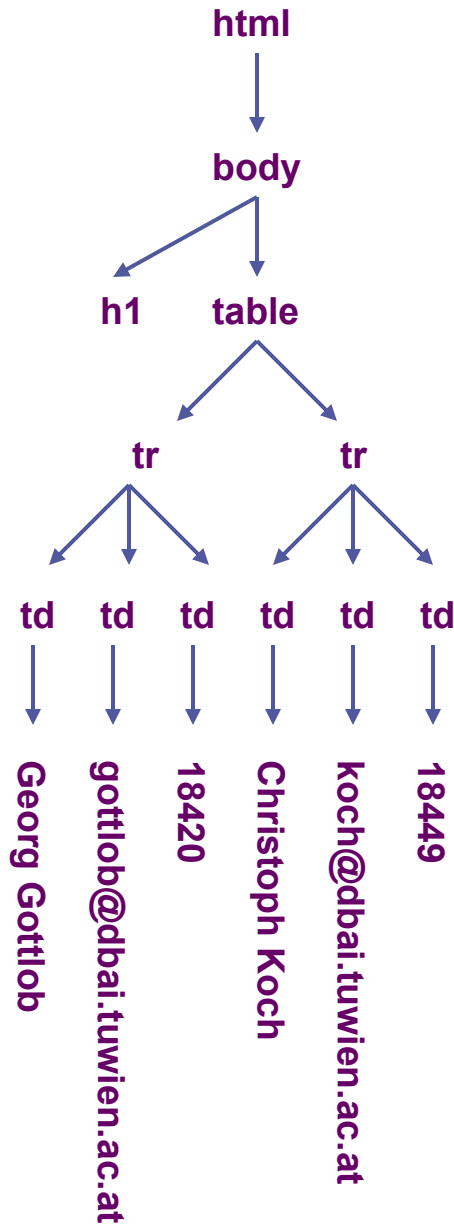
MSO on strings and trees



Rich theory:

- Büchi: MSO = REG over strings (chaînes de caractères)
- Thatcher and Wright, Rabin:
MSO = REG over ranked trees (arbres bornés)
= tree automata
- Brüggemann-Klein/Wood/Murata:
MSO = REG over unranked trees
- Neven & Schwentick: Unranked Query Automata
- Courcelle: MSO in LinTime on tree-like structures
(treewidth $\leq k$, data complexity)

Ordered Trees as finite structures



firstchild

nextsibling

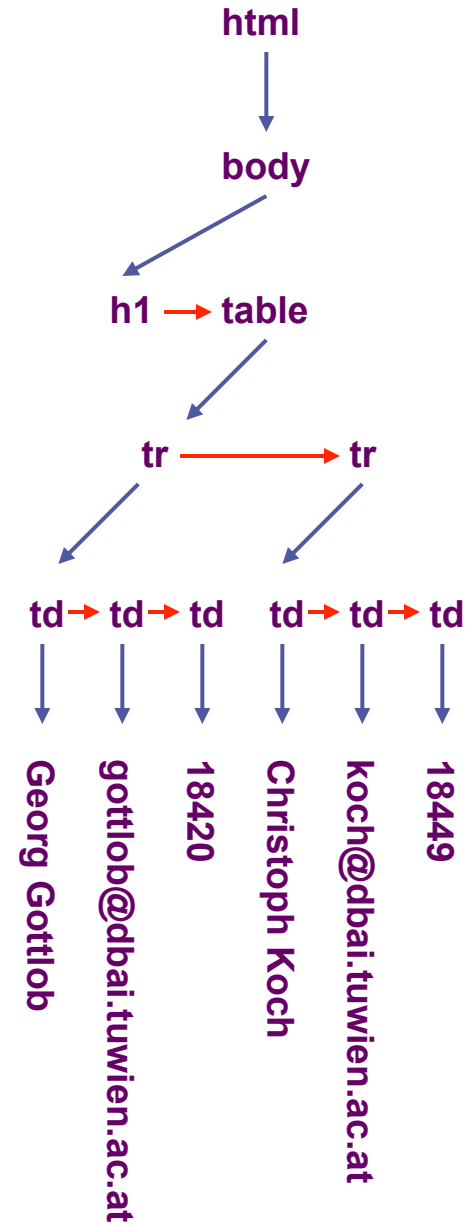
label_{h1}()

label_{td}()

■ ■ ■

root()

leaf()

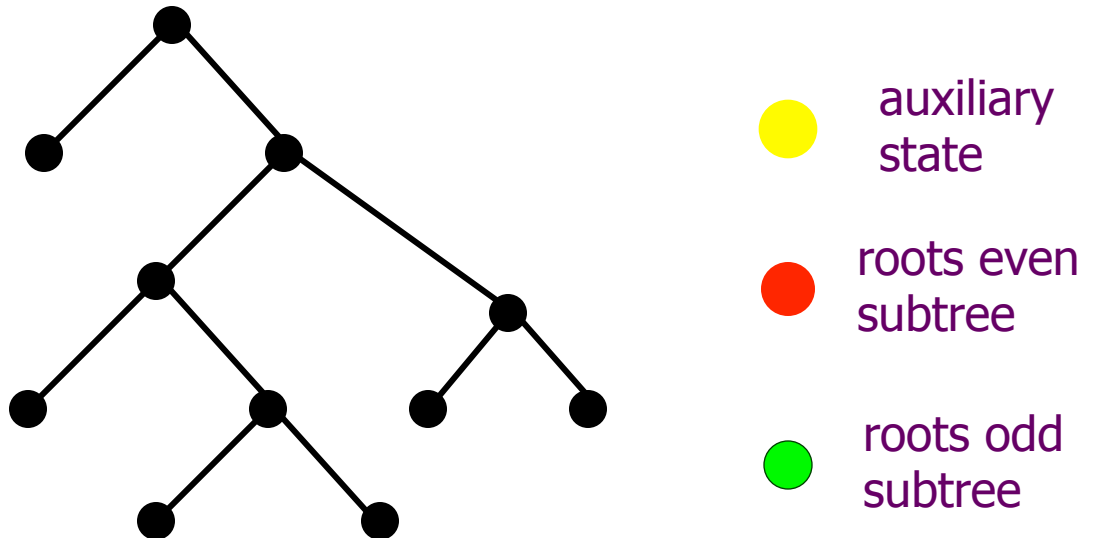


MSO over Trees

Extract from a binary tree all roots of sub-trees with an odd number of leaves:

$$\exists S \forall x [S(u) \ \& \ (\text{leaf}(x) \rightarrow S(x)) \ \& \\ \forall x,y,z ((\text{firstchild}(x,y) \ \& \ \text{nextsibling}(y,z)) \rightarrow \\ (S(x) \leftrightarrow \neg(S(y) \leftrightarrow S(z))))]$$

Tree automaton:

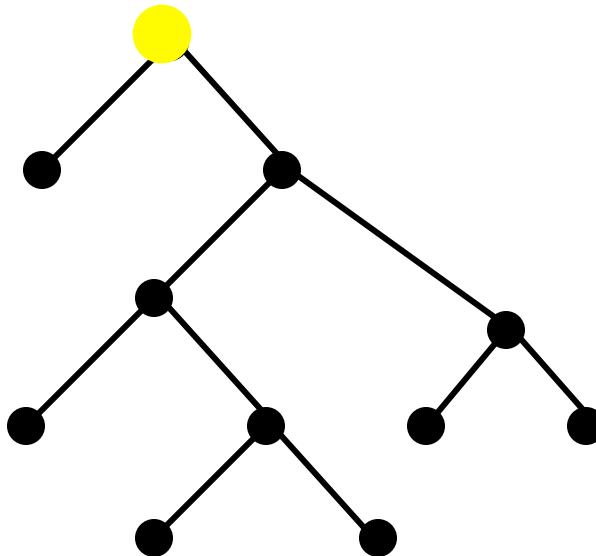


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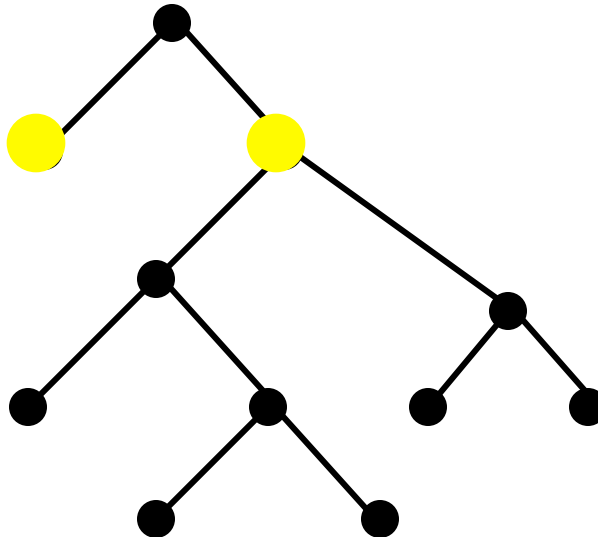


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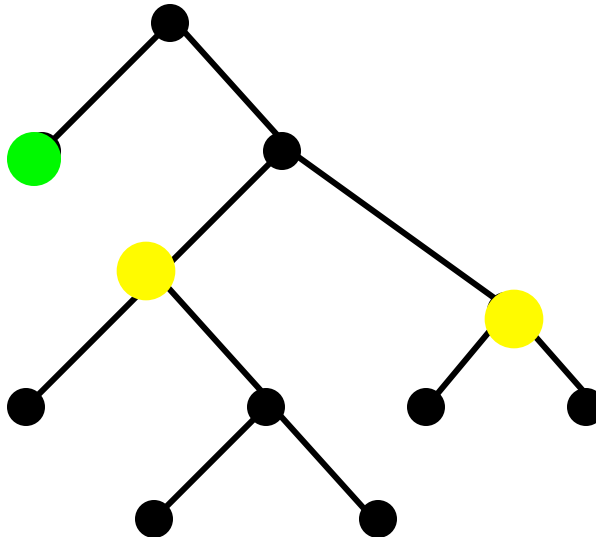


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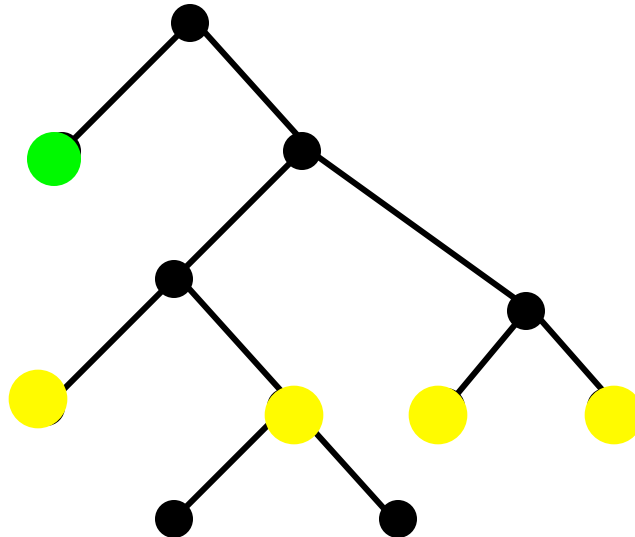


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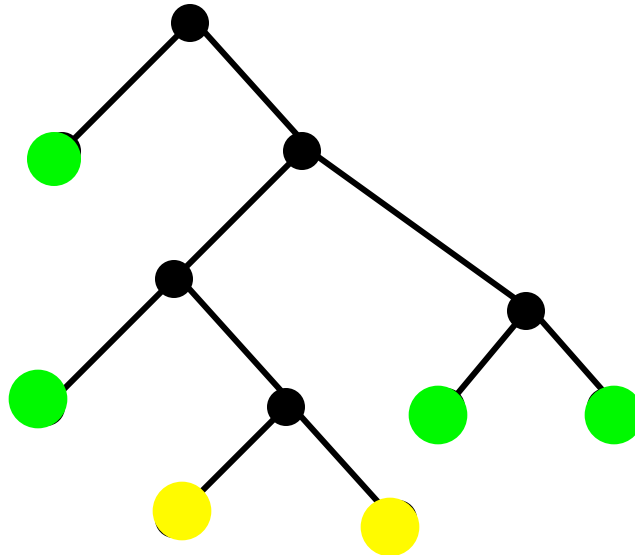


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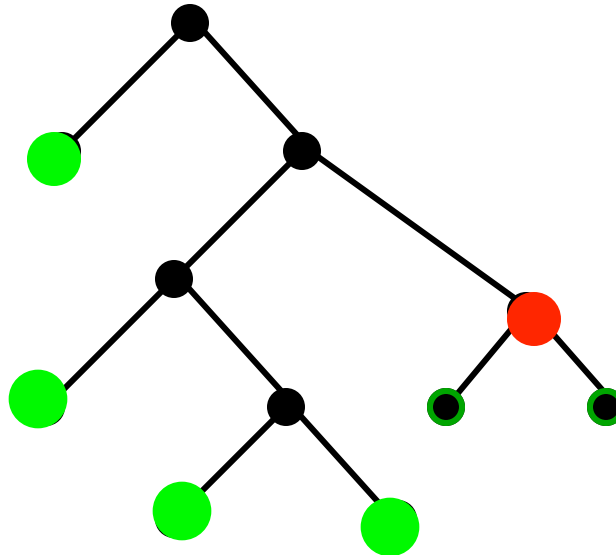


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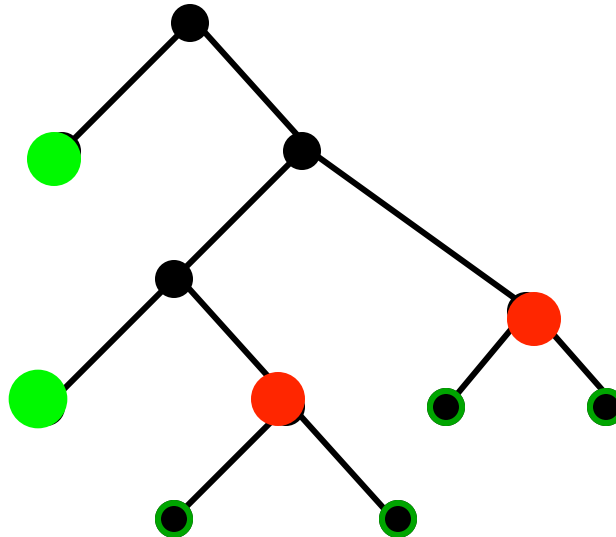


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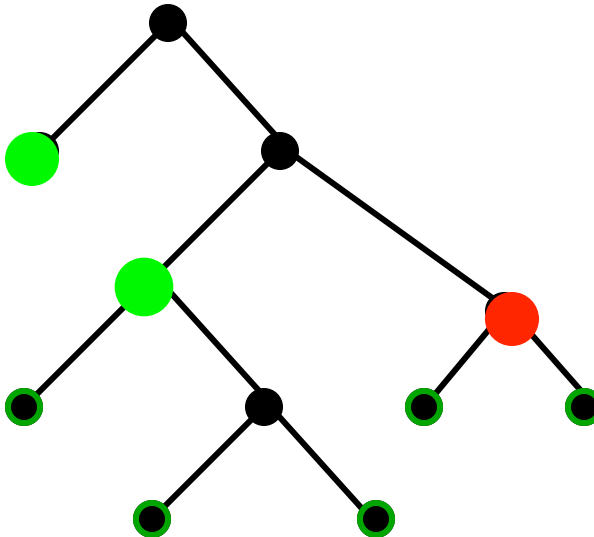


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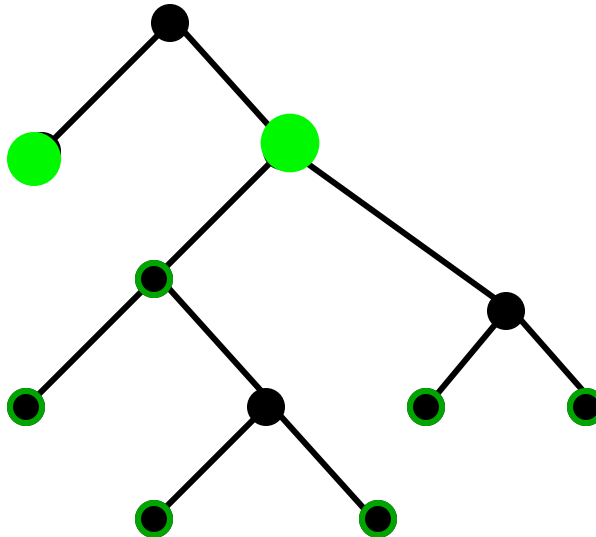


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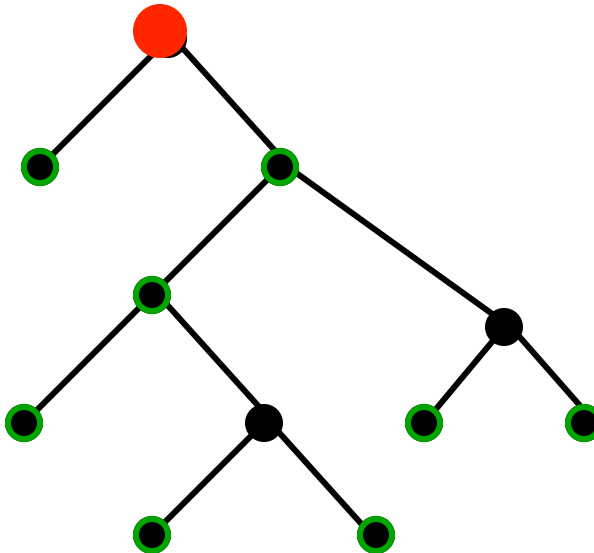


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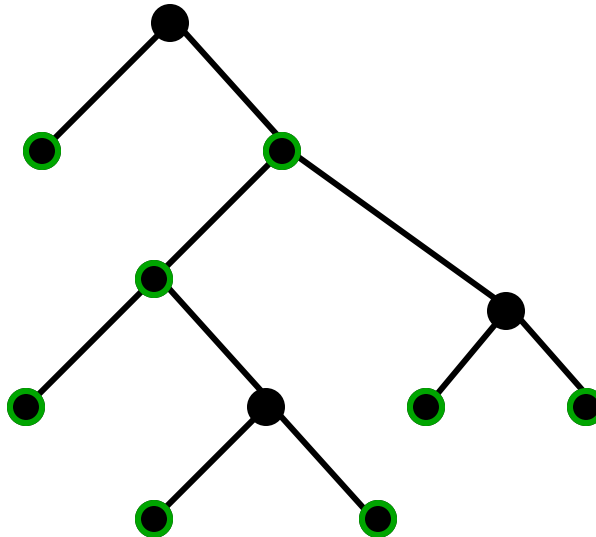


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Tree automaton:



Logic heaven

DB theory heaven

**DB programming
heaven**

**Application design
heaven**



Logic heaven

MSO

DB theory heaven

**DB programming
heaven**

**Application design
heaven**



Logic heaven

DB theory heaven

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heaven**

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heaven**

MSO

||

Monadic Datalog

Logic heaven

DB theory heaven

**DB programming
heaven**

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MSO

II

Monadic Datalog

$\cap$

Elog

Logic heaven

DB theory heaven

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heaven**

**Application design
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MSO

II

Monadic Datalog

IN

Elog

IN

Lixto Visual Wrapper

Logic heaven

DB theory heaven

**DB programming
heaven**

**Application design
heaven**

MSO

II

Monadic Datalog

IN

Elog

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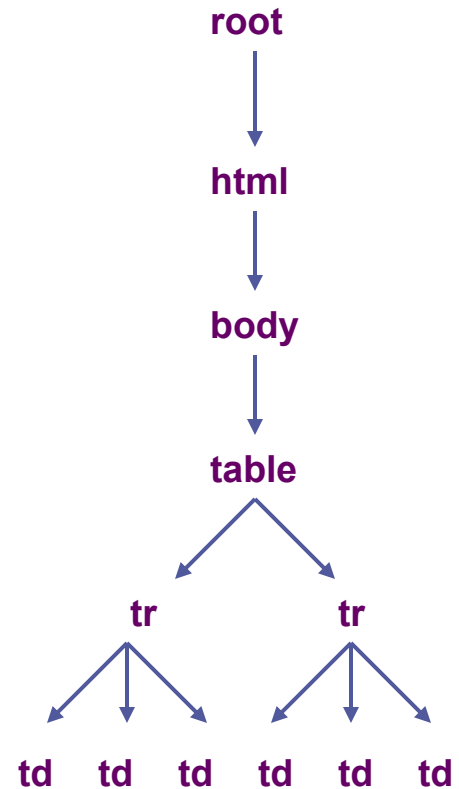
Lixto Visual Wrapper

IN

liXto Suite

Monadic Datalog as a Wrapping Language

```
entry(X) :- root(R), firstchild(R,U), label[html](U),  
             firstchild(U,V), label[body](V),  
             firstchild(V,W), label[table](W),  
             firstchild(W,X), label[tr](X).  
  
entry(X) :- entry(Y), nextsibling(Y,X).  
  
name(X) :- entry(E), firstchild(E, X), label[td](X).  
  
email(X) :- name(N), nextsibling(N, X), label[td](X).  
  
phone(X) :- email(M), nextsibling(M, X), label[td](X).
```



Monadic Datalog as a Wrapping Language

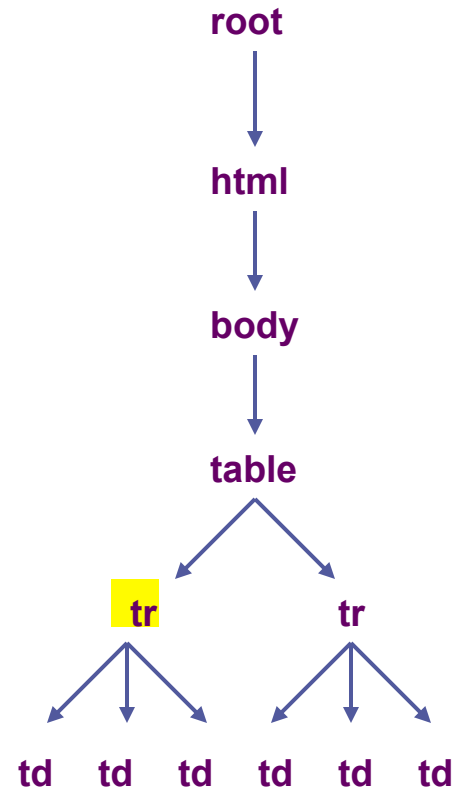
```
entry(X) :- root(R), firstchild(R,U), label[html](U),  
             firstchild(U,V), label[body](V),  
             firstchild(V,W), label[table](W),  
             firstchild(W,X), label[tr](X).
```

```
entry(X):- entry(Y), nextsibling(Y,X).
```

```
name(X) :- entry(E), firstchild(E, X), label[td](X).
```

```
email(X) :- name(N), nextsibling(N, X), label[td](X).
```

```
phone(X) :- email(M), nextsibling(M, X), label[td](X).
```



Monadic Datalog as a Wrapping Language

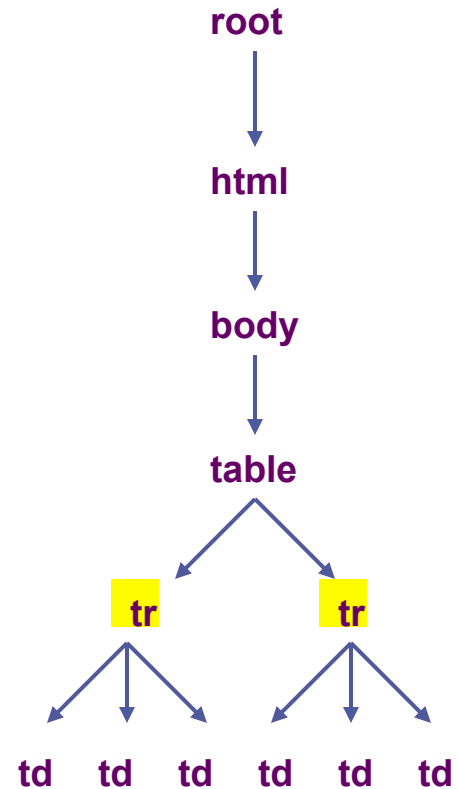
```
entry(X) :- root(R), firstchild(R,U), label[html](U),  
             firstchild(U,V), label[body](V),  
             firstchild(V,W), label[table](W),  
             firstchild(W,X), label[tr](X).
```

```
entry(X):- entry(Y), nextsibling(Y,X).
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name(X) :- entry(E), firstchild(E, X), label[td](X).
```

```
email(X) :- name(N), nextsibling(N, X), label[td](X).
```

```
phone(X) :- email(M), nextsibling(M, X), label[td](X).
```



Monadic Datalog as a Wrapping Language

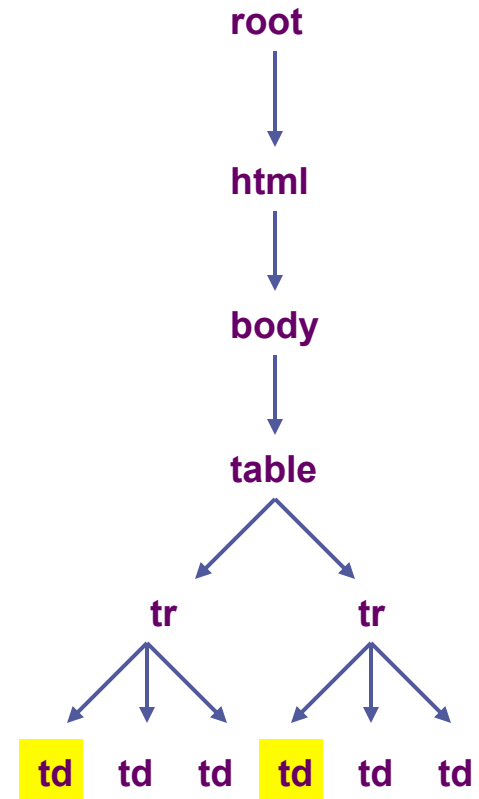
```
entry(X) :- root(R), firstchild(R,U), label[html](U),  
             firstchild(U,V), label[body](V),  
             firstchild(V,W), label[table](W),  
             firstchild(W,X), label[tr](X).
```

```
entry(X):- entry(Y), nextsibling(Y,X).
```

```
name(X) :- entry(E), firstchild(E, X), label[td](X).
```

```
email(X) :- name(N), nextsibling(N, X), label[td](X).
```

```
phone(X) :- email(M), nextsibling(M, X), label[td](X).
```



Monadic Datalog as a Wrapping Language

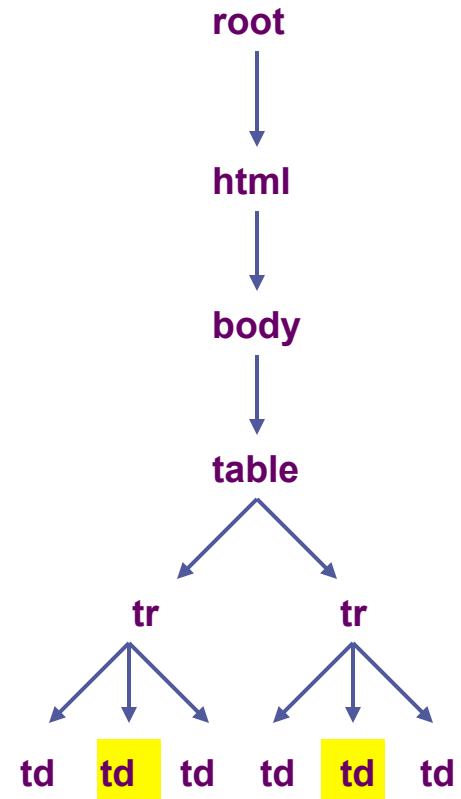
```
entry(X) :- root(R), firstchild(R,U), label[html](U),  
             firstchild(U,V), label[body](V),  
             firstchild(V,W), label[table](W),  
             firstchild(W,X), label[tr](X).
```

```
entry(X):- entry(Y), nextsibling(Y,X).
```

```
name(X) :- entry(E), firstchild(E, X), label[td](X).
```

```
email(X) :- name(N), nextsibling(N, X), label[td](X).
```

```
phone(X) :- email(M), nextsibling(M, X), label[td](X).
```



Monadic Datalog as a Wrapping Language

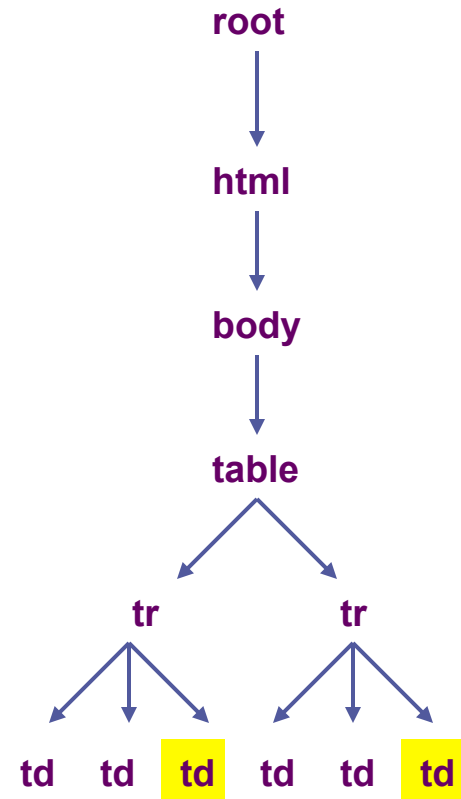
```
entry(X) :- root(R), firstchild(R,U), label[html](U),  
             firstchild(U,V), label[body](V),  
             firstchild(V,W), label[table](W),  
             firstchild(W,X), label[tr](X).
```

```
entry(X):- entry(Y), nextsibling(Y,X).
```

```
name(X) :- entry(E), firstchild(E, X), label[td](X).
```

```
email(X) :- name(N), nextsibling(N, X), label[td](X).
```

```
phone(X) :- email(M), nextsibling(M, X), label[td](X).
```



**entry(X) :- root(R), firstchild(R,U), label[html](U),
firstchild(U,V), label[body](V),
firstchild(V,W),label[table](W),
firstchild(W,X), label[tr](X).**

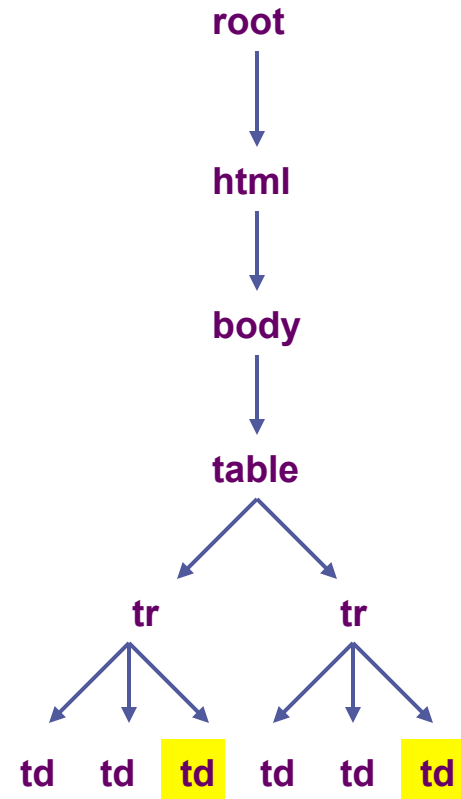
entry(X):- entry(Y), nextsibling(Y,X).

name(X) :- entry(E), firstchild(E, X), label[td](X).

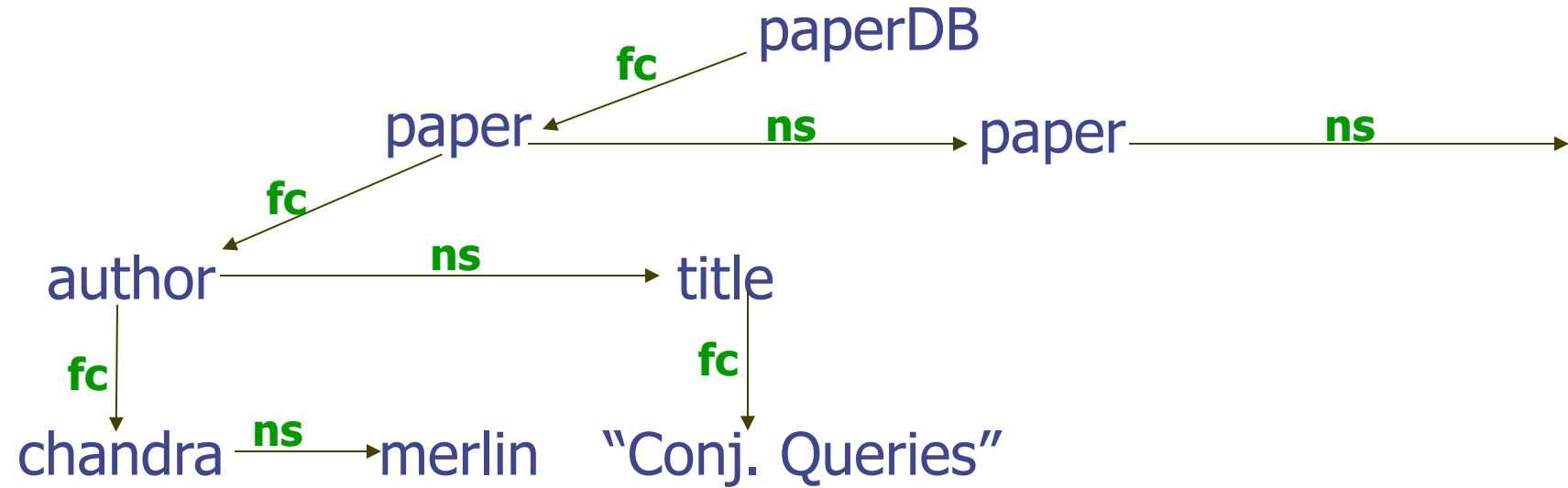
email(X) :- name(N), nextsibling(N, X), label[td](X).

phone(X) :- email(M), nextsibling(M, X), label[td](X).

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<peopledb>
<entry> <name>Georg Gottlob</name>
      <email>gottlob@dbai.tuwien.ac.at</email>
      <phone>18420</phone>
</entry>
<entry> <name>Christoph Koch</name>
      <email>koch@dbai.tuwien.ac.at</email>
      <phone>18449</phone>
</entry>
</peopledb>
```



Monadic Datalog over XML



Select titles of articles authored by Chandra and Merlin

```
paper(X) ← root(R) & firstchild(R,X).  
paper(X) ← paper(Y) & nextsibling(Y,X).
```

```
output(X) ← paper(P) & firstchild(P,A) &  
             firstchild(A,Z) & label[Chandra](Z) &  
             nextsibling(Z,V) & label[Merlin](V) &  
             nextsibling(A,T) & firstchild(T,X).
```

How expressive is monadic Datalog?

It was known that over arbitrary structures:

- ♦ Monadic Datalog $\subseteq \Pi_1$ -MSO
- ♦ Full Datalog = P (in presence of order)

Theorem [G. & Koch 2002]:

Over trees, monadic Datalog = MSO

A unary query is definable in MSO iff it is definable via a monadic datalog program.

How complex is Monadic Datalog?

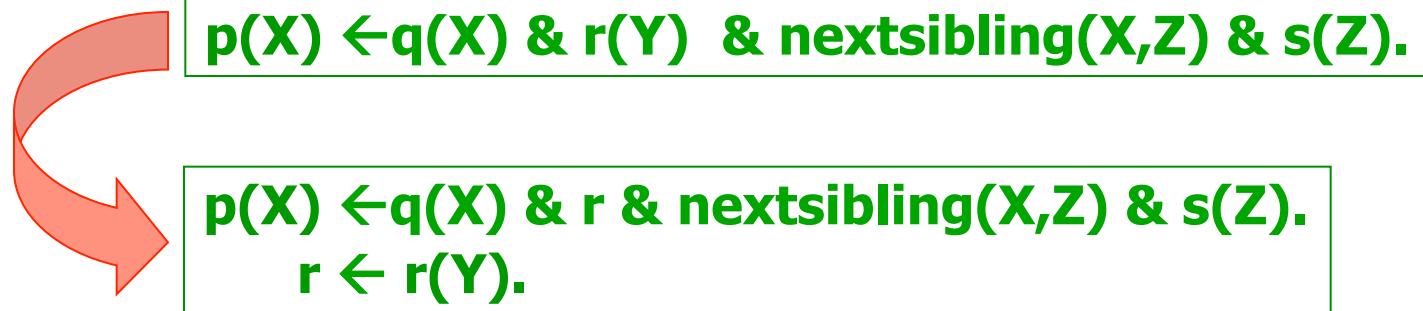
Theorem [G. & Koch 2002]:

Monadic Datalog over trees has
combined complexity: $O(|\text{data}| * |\text{query}|)$

Query Complexity: P-complete and linear-time.

Proof idea:

- 1.) Transform datalog program + input tree in linear time into a “ground” propositional logic program (programme Datalog instancié)
 - Exploit functional dependencies:
 $\text{nextsibling}(X,Y)$ has only a linear number of ground instances: $\text{nextsibling}(n_i,n_j)$, etc.
 - Decouple independent atoms of rule bodies



- 2.) Execute ground program in linear time by using well-known algorithms: [Beeri&Bernstein][Dowling&Gallier] [Minoux]

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II

Monadic Datalog

In

Elog

In

Lixto Visual Wrapper

Lixto Wrapper Generator - Extracted_sources

Program Document

Extraction program: H:\lixto\recexamples\ebay\ebay.xml Active example document: file://h:/lixto/recexamples/ebay/ebay1.html

	☀️ NEC LAPTOP/NOTEBOOK PII-233.96MB.13". CD 	\$399.00	-	Jul-13 10:14
	☀️ NEC Versa S/5 486 DX 12 MB RAM 340 MB HD 	\$20.60	7	Jul-17 09:57
	☀️ NEC READY 120LT NOTEBOOK COMPUTER 	\$350.00	-	Jul-17 09:44
	☀️ NEC 200C W/IBM ETHERJET CARD! 	\$50.00	-	Jul-17 09:30
	☀️ IBM 760XL CD, FLOPPY AND MORE! 	\$99.00	-	Jul-17 09:12
	☀️ Qty 10 NEC Versa LX PII 300Mhz/128M warranty	\$4400.00	-	Jul-17 09:04

For more items in this category, click these pages:
= 1 = [2](#) [3](#) [4](#) [5](#) (next page)

Close

Annotations:

- item description and link to detailpage
- one record
- # of bids
- date
- next page link
- price info

Examples of Special predicates:

subelem(S,X,Path,...)

Xpath-like expression



before(X,Y,.....)

after(X,Y,...)

distance tolerance,etc.



property(X,Attribute, Op,Value.....)

document(URL,D)

getdocumentFromHref(X,D),

etc.

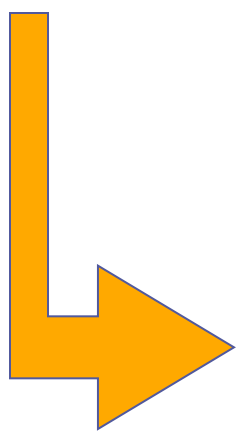
Additional features: Stratified negation,
string processing
ontological concepts “**phonenum**(X)”
ranges: **H**(S,X) :- **body**(.....)[1,5]
object hierarchies

notebook all of eBay - includes all regions Search more search options

☐ Search titles and descriptions (to find more items!) Search Completed Items eBay official time 02:25:2

2150 items found for "notebook". Showing items 1 to 50. Sort: Items ending first

All items		All items including Gallery preview	Gallery items only	
Item#	Item	Price	Bids	Ends PDT
409449118	98 Degrees - Notebook - New 🇺🇸	\$2.99	-	in 19
413171469	Notebook - Compaq Presario 1207	AU \$730.00	6	Aug-21
409454540	Compaq Armada Notebook P-100 Win 95	\$107.50	8	Aug-21
409456450	THE NOTEBOOK NICHOLAS SPARKS HARDCOVER 🇺🇸	\$5.50	2	Aug-21



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<document>
  <record>
    <number>409449118</number>
    <item>98 Degrees - Notebook - New</item>
    <picture/>
    <price>2.99</price>
    <currency>$</currency>
    <bids>-</bids>
  </record>
  <record>
    <number>413171469</number>
    <item>Notebook - Compaq Presario 1207</item>
    <price>730.00</price>
    <currency>AU $</currency>
```

[...]

ELOG Program for eBay pages

```
tableseq(S, X) ← document("www.ebay.com/", S), subseq(S, (.body, []), (.table, []), (.table, []), X),  
                  before(S, X, (.table, [(elementtext, item, )], 1, 1, -, -), after(S, X, (.hr, []), 1, 1, -, -)  
  
record(S, X) ← tableseq(_, S), subelem(S, .table, X)  
  
itemnum(S, X) ← record(_, S), subelem(S, *.td, X), notbefore(S, X, (.td, []), maxint)  
  
itemdes(S, X) ← record(_, S), subelem(S, (*.td. *.content, [(a, , 0)]), X)  
  
price(S, X) ← record(_, S), subelem(S, (*.td, [(elementtext, Y, 1)]), X), valuta(Y)  
  
bids(S, X) ← record(_, S), subelem(S, *.td, X), before(S, X, (.td, []), 1, 30, Y, _), price(S, Y)  
  
currency(S, X) ← price(_, S), subtext(S, Y, X), valuta(Y)  
  
pricewc(S, X) ← price(_, S), subtext(S, [0 - 9]+, X)
```

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heaven**

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Monadic Datalog

IN

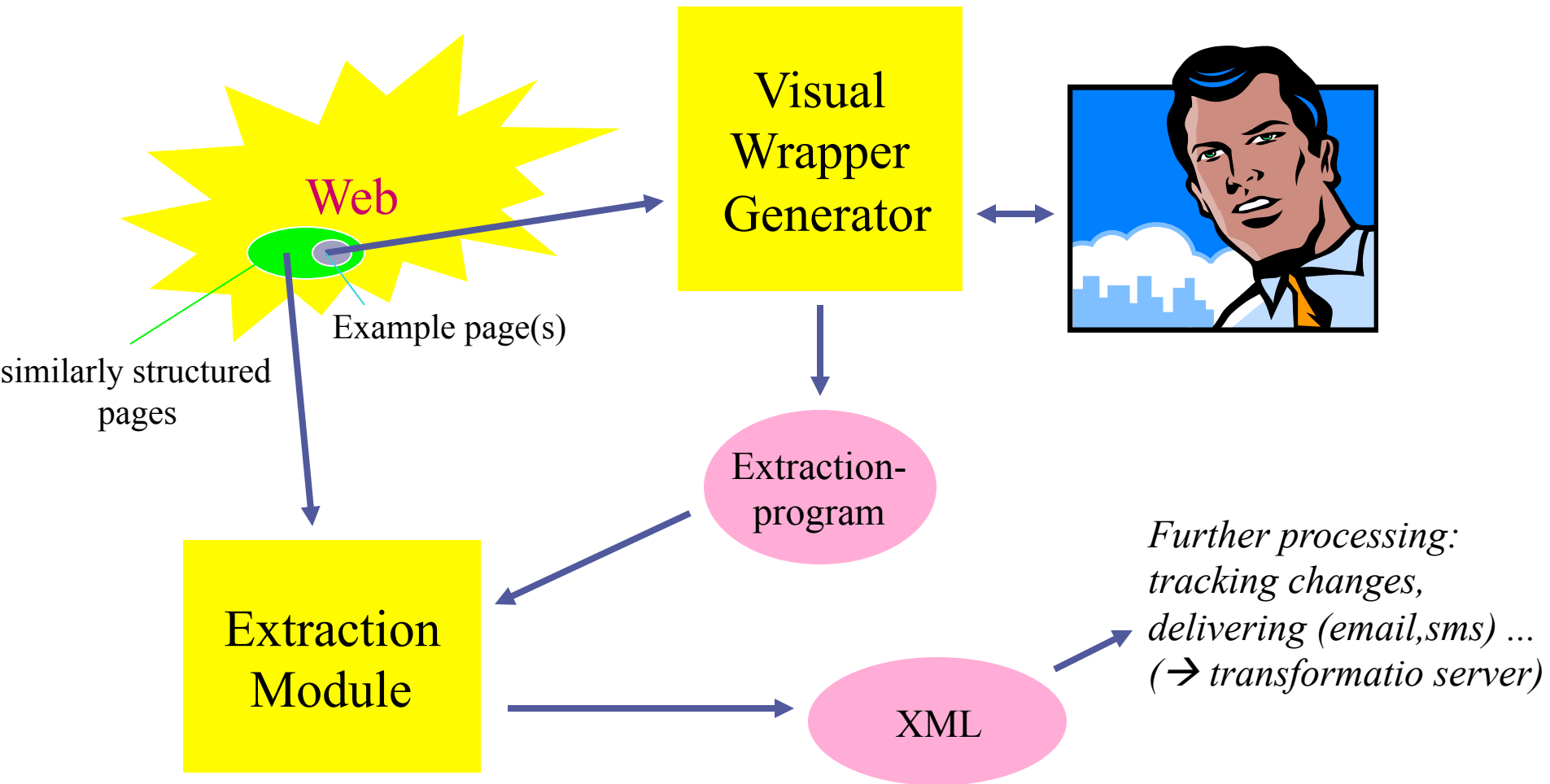
Elog

IN

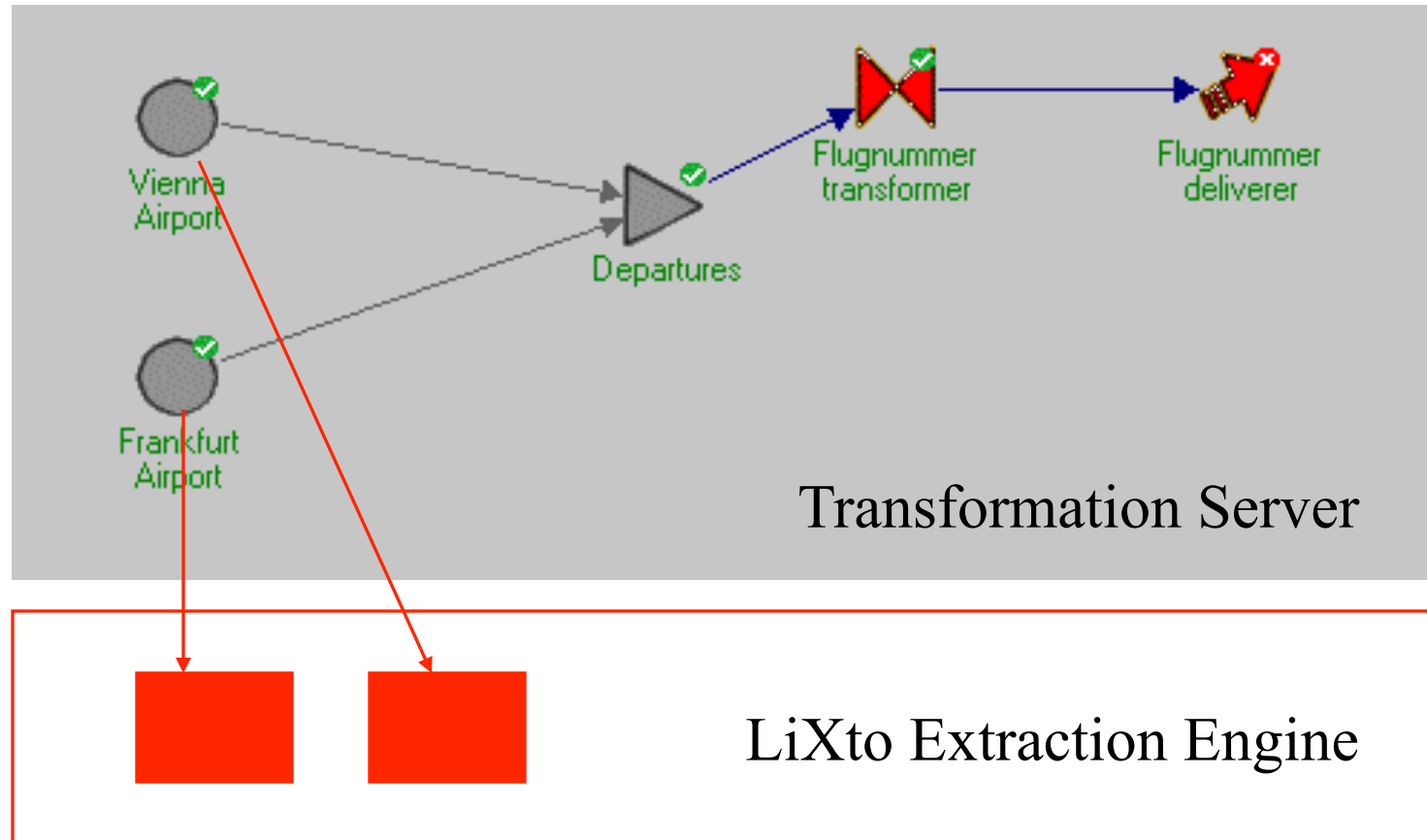
Lixto Visual Wrapper

(outil: suite logicielle)

Lixto Visual Wrapper Architecture



Product Architecture



SHORT DEMO

Talk Outline

- Motivation: need of information extraction
- Logical foundations of information extraction
- The Lixto Visual Wrapper
- **The Diadem Project: Fully automatic data extraction**

Need for Automatic Extraction Technology (2)

All search engine providers need it! Many work on it.

Keywords: → Vertical search,
 → object search,
 → semantic search.

Raghu Ramakrishnan, Yahoo!, March 2009:

"no one really has done this successfully at scale yet"

Alon Halevy, Google, Feb. 2009: *"Current technologies are not good enough yet to provide what search engines really need. [...] any successful approach would probably need a combination of knowledge and learning."*



UNIVERSITY OF
OXFORD

ERC Advanced Grant
Research proposal (Part B1)

Domain-centric Intelligent Automated Data Extraction Methodology

DIADEM

Principal Investigator: Georg Gottlob

Host Institution: University of Oxford

Full title: Domain-centric Intelligent Automated Data Extraction Methodology

Short name: DIADEM

Duration in months: 60

Gottlob



**ERC Advanced Grant
Research proposal (Part B1)**

Domain-centric Intelligent Automated Data Extraction Methodology

DLADEM

Principal Investigator: Georg Gottlob

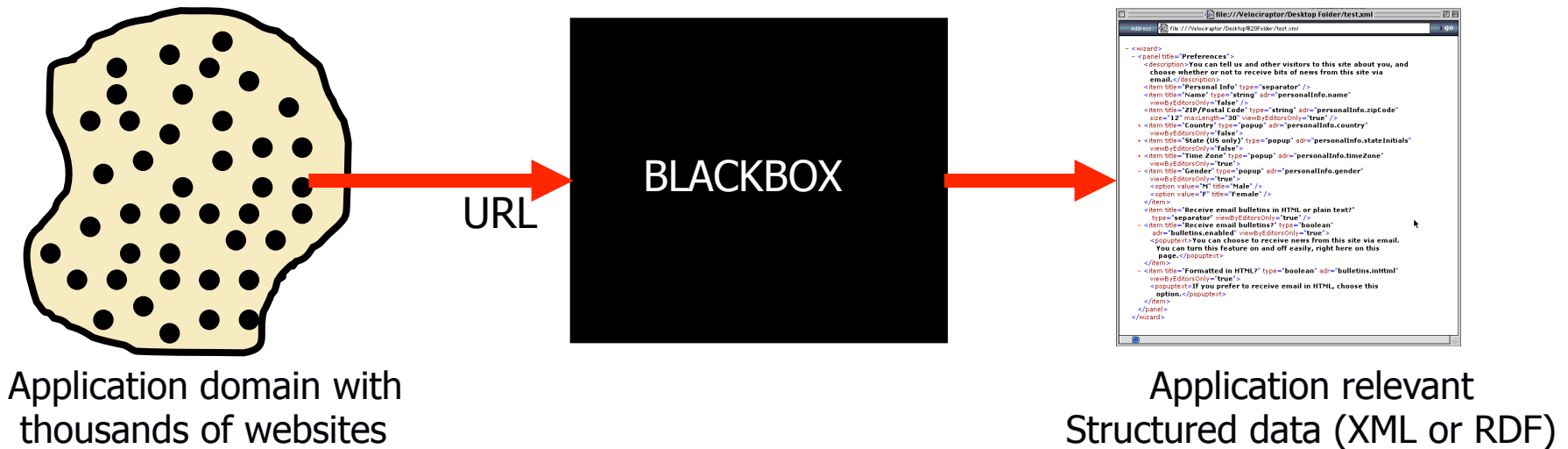
Host Institution: University of Oxford

Full title: Domain-centric Intelligent Automated Data Extraction Methodology

Short name: DLADEM

Duration in months: 60

The Blackbox we are constructing



To achieve this, we combine a host of annotators with a new knowledge-based approach.

How to achieve it?

Combine existing and new “low level” annotators with “high level” AI and reasoning.

Property Search

UK

International

I'm interested in

☒ Buying

☐ Renting

☐ New developments

Maximum price

GBP



Any



Minimum bedrooms

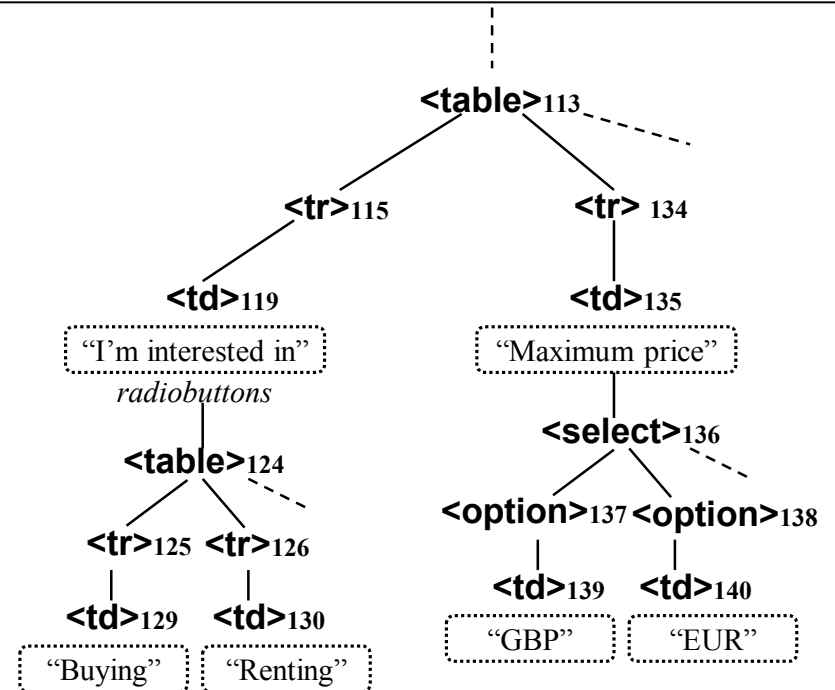
Any



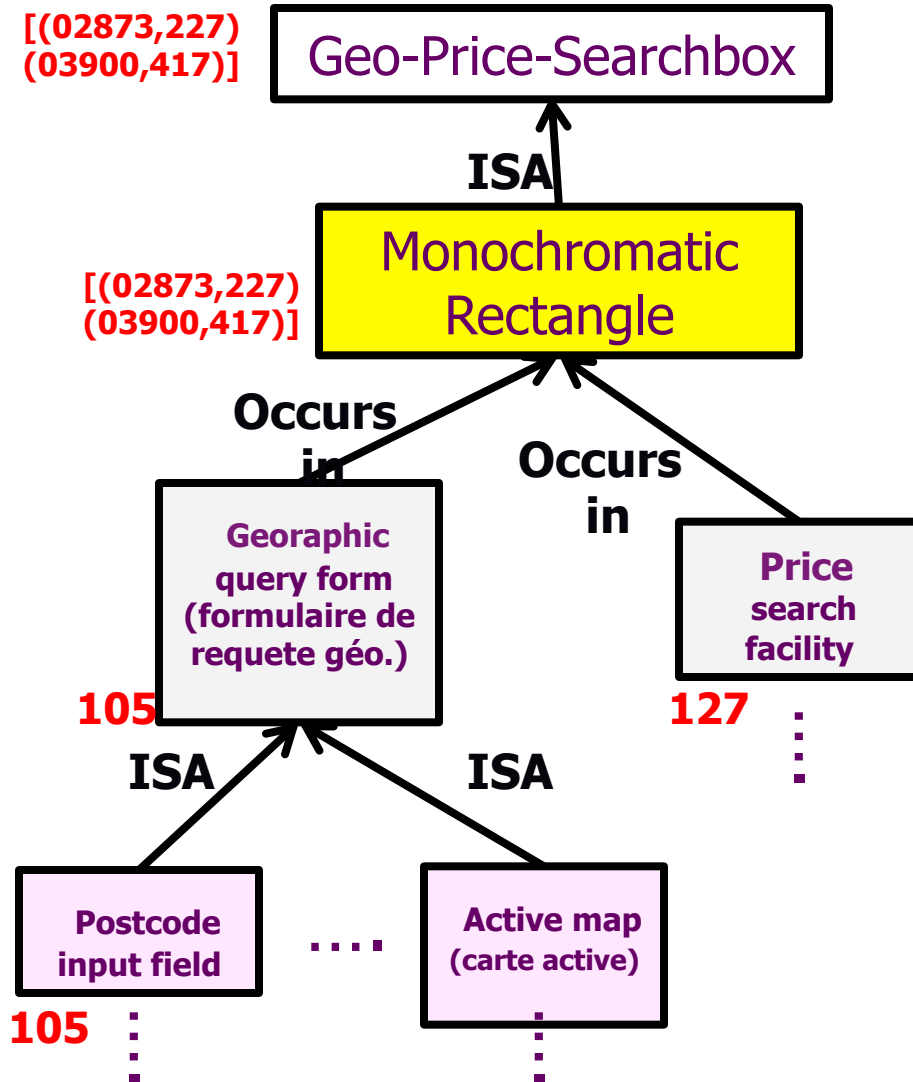
Area

e.g Surrey, SW4, Chelsea

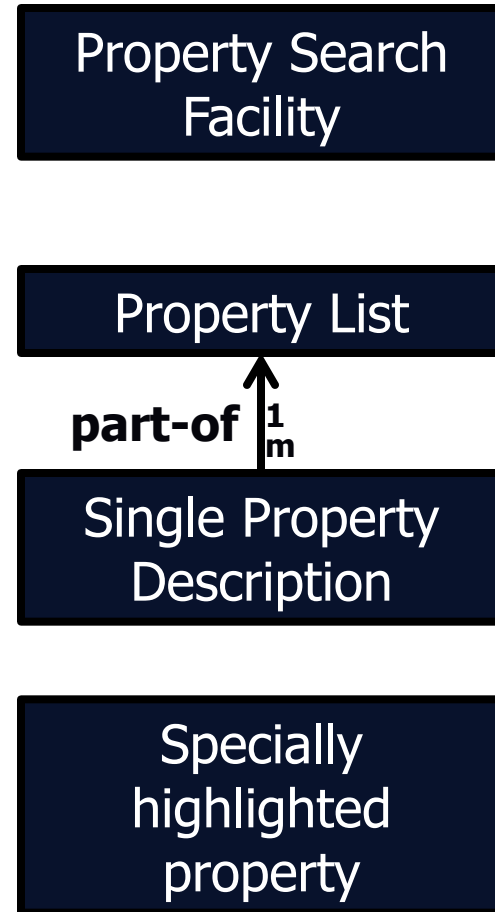
GO



Bottom-up (low-level) annotation



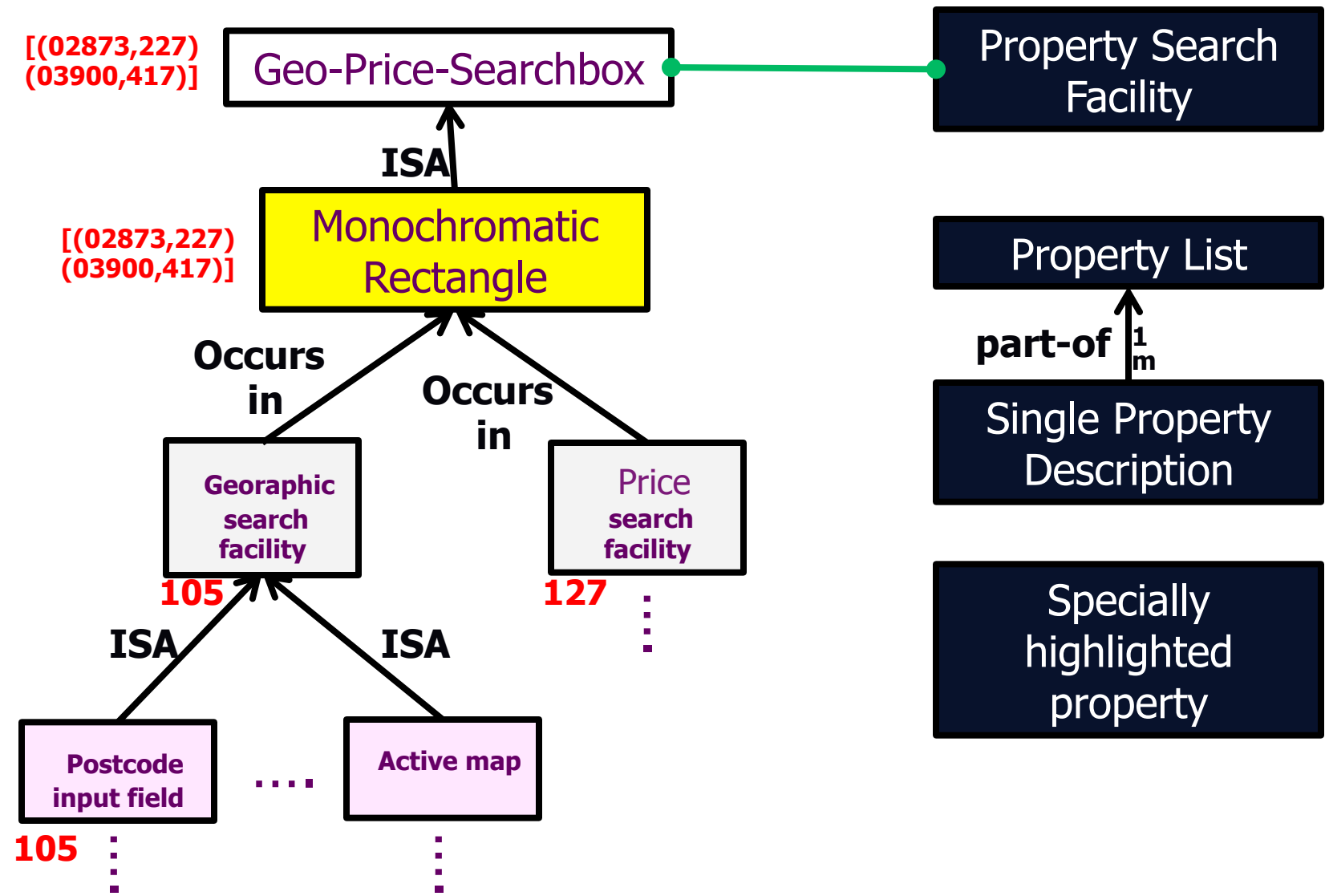
Top-down reasoning



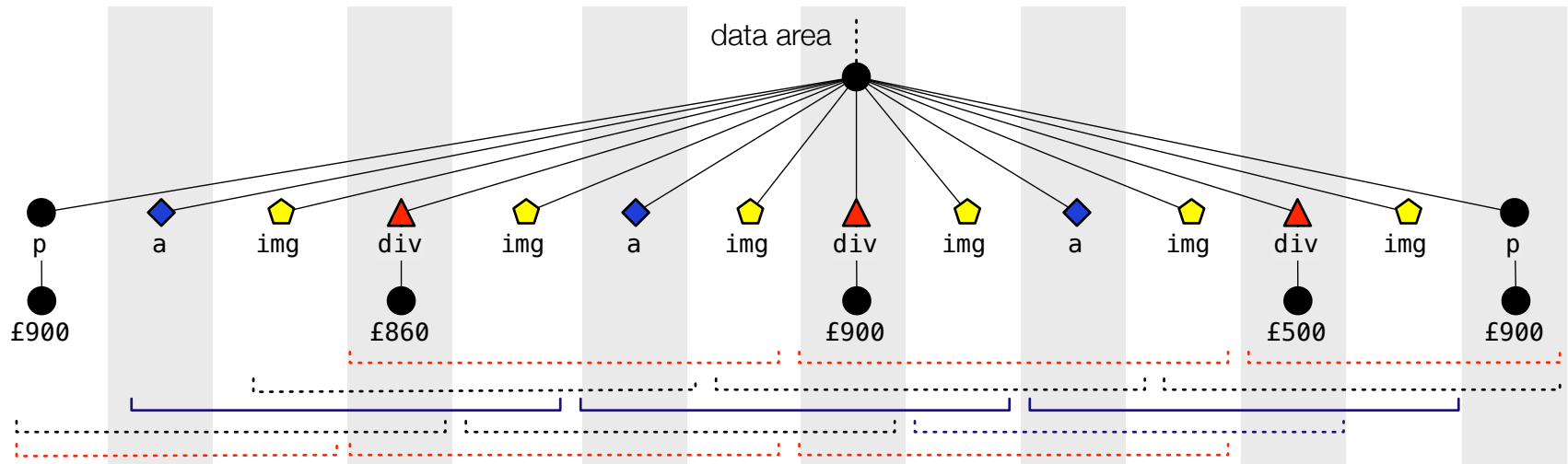
Bottom-up processing

Top-down reasoning

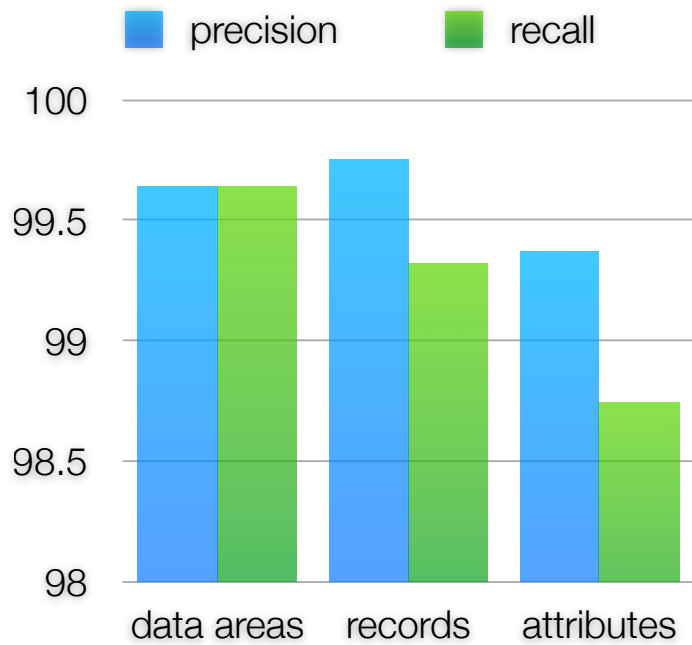
Phenomenology



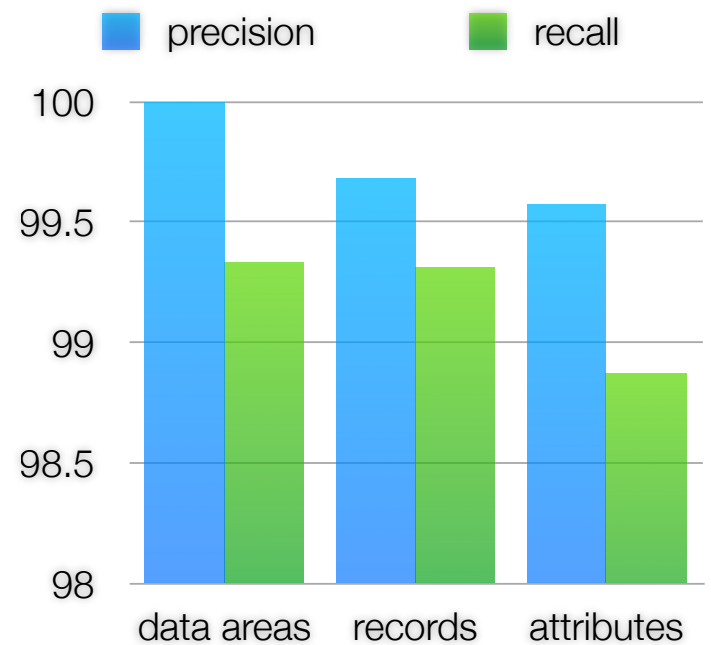
Phenomenological Record Segmentation



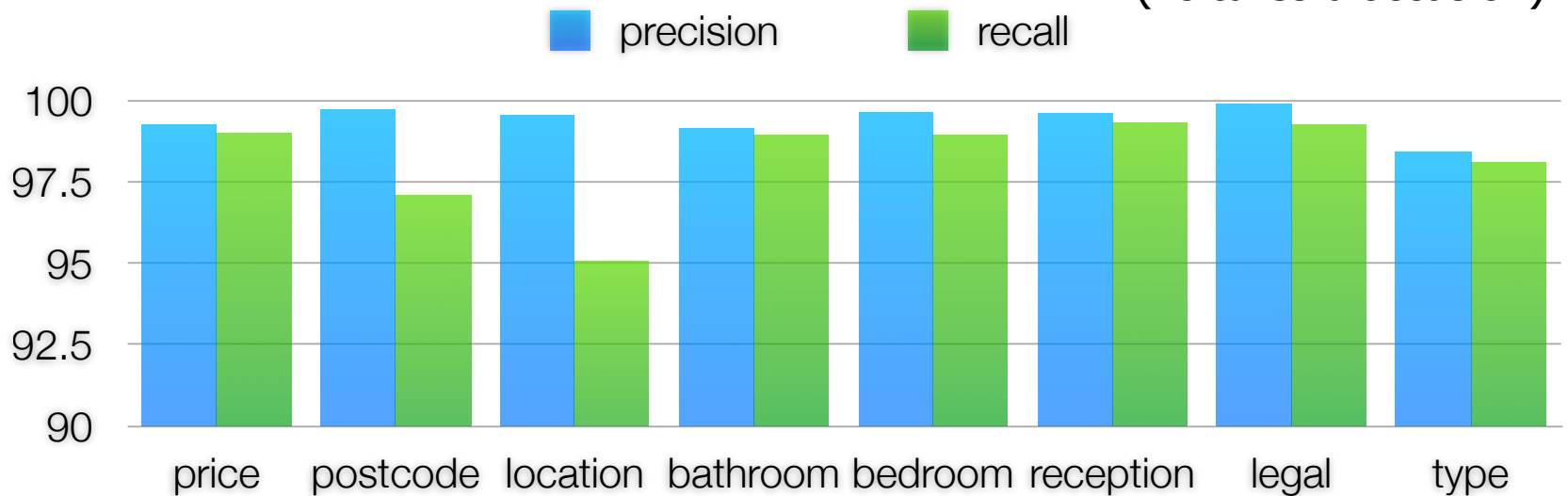
- set of uniform, non-overlapping records
- maximise sequence of evenly segmented (same distance pivot)
- minimise irregularity of records



Real Estate
(100 pages)



Used Car
(100 pages)
(voitures d'occasion)



Form Patterns Example

The image shows a car search interface from motors.co.uk. The main search bar includes fields for Postcode (Required), Distance (miles), Makes (?), Models (?), and Price (£) (?). The Price field is highlighted with a red box and contains a slider ranging from 0 to 50000. Below the main search bar, there are several filter categories: Fuel type, Gearbox, Body style, Age & Mileage, Running costs, Performance, Advert type, Safety rating, and Keyword search. The Age & Mileage section is highlighted with a red box and contains two sliders: Age (years) ranging from 0 to 10+ and Mileage (miles) ranging from 0 to 100K+. The Number of owners section is also highlighted with a red box and contains radio buttons for Any, 1 previous owner (0), up to 2 previous owners (0), up to 3 previous owners (0), more than 3 previous owners, and Unknown (0). On the right side, there is a 'PROPERTY SEARCH' section with radio buttons for Sales and Lettings, a Town / City dropdown menu, and a Price field with 'No min' and 'No max' dropdowns. The Price field is highlighted with a red box. Below the Price field, there is a 'No. of beds' dropdown menu and radio buttons for List view and Map view. The Search button is located at the bottom right of the form.

Used car New car Car Dealer Vans Van Dealer Login/Register

Search for over **155,012** used cars for sale at **motors.co.uk** [Fewer options](#) | [Reset search](#)

Postcode (Required) Distance (miles) Makes (?) Models (?) Price (£) (?) ☐ Exclude "Call For Price" [?](#)

ox1 National Any Any 0 50000 Search

Fuel type, Gearbox Engine size Body style Colours, doors, seats Age & Mileage Number of owners Running costs Insurance, MPG, CO2 Performance Speed, power, 0-62 Advert type Private / trade Safety rating EuroNCAP ratings Keyword search Free text search

Age (years)

0 10+

Mileage (miles)

0 100K+

Number of owners

☒ Any

☐ 1 previous owner (0)

☐ up to 2 previous owners (0)

☐ up to 3 previous owners (0)

☐ more than 3 previous owners

☐ Unknown (0)

PROPERTY SEARCH

☒ Sales ☐ Lettings

Town / City

All

Price

No min to No max

No. of beds

All

☒ List view ☐ Map view

Search

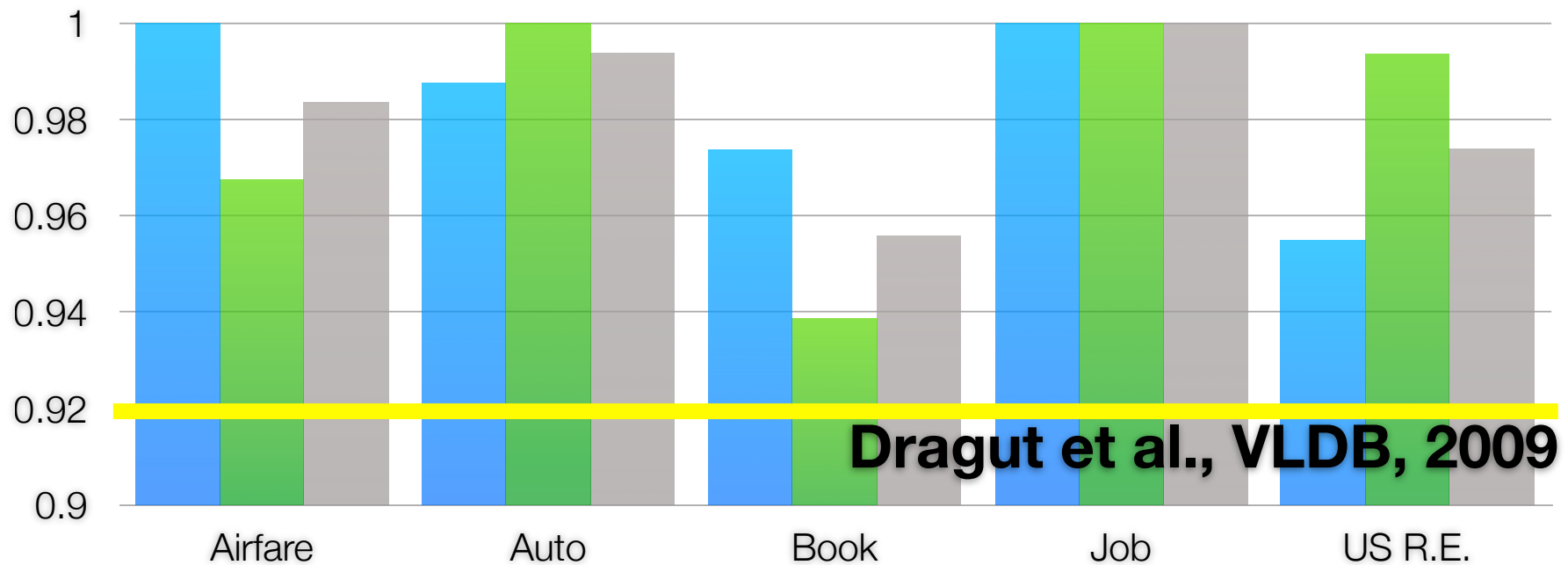
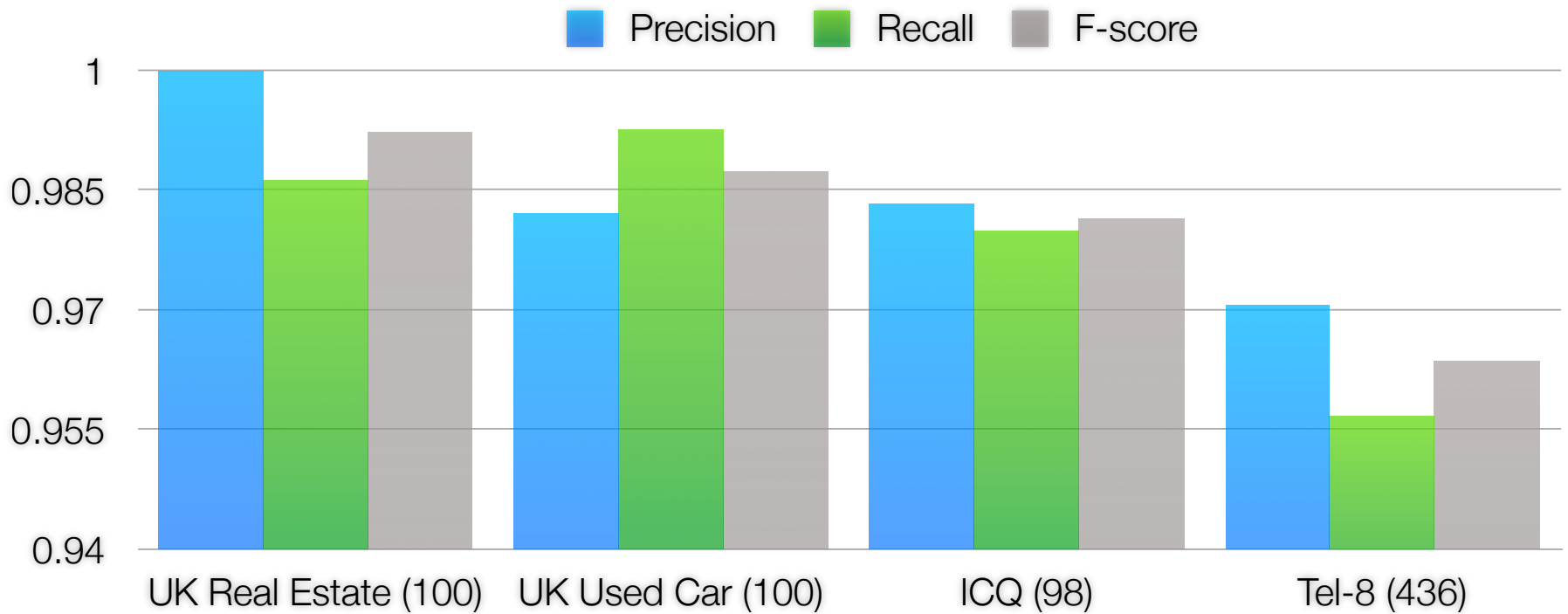
- Small set of ubiquitous patterns
 - ranges, dates, options, etc.
- Ontology by instantiation

OPAL-TL Example

- Price range
 - two successive fields in the same group
 - at least one “price” type
 - range connector in between

The image shows a 'PROPERTY SEARCH' form. At the top, there are radio buttons for 'Sales' (selected) and 'Lettings'. Below that is a 'Town / City' dropdown menu with 'All' selected. The 'Price' section is highlighted with a red rectangle; it contains two dropdown menus, 'No min' and 'No max', separated by the word 'to'. Below the 'Price' section is a 'No. of beds' dropdown menu with 'All' selected, and two radio buttons for 'List view' (selected) and 'Map view'. At the bottom right is a 'Search' button.

`concept<CM>(N2) ⇐ child(N1, G), child(N2, G), follows(N2, N1),
concept<C>(N1), N2@range_connector{e, d}, ¬(A1 < A, N2@A1{d})`



Short Demo [diadem-3min43.m4v](#)